



Gloucestershire County Council Performance Report

Quarter ending 31 March 2025

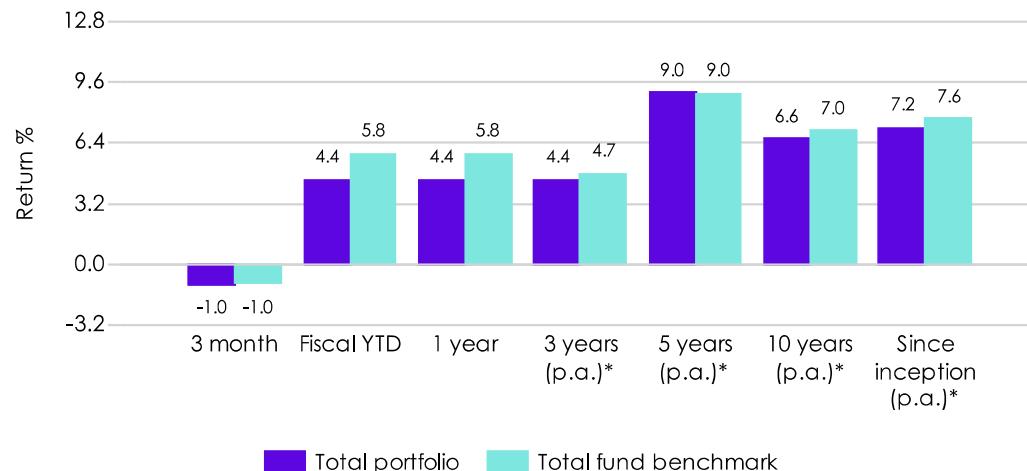


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Pension Fund performance

Performance (annualised)



Source: State Street Global Services

*per annum. Net of all fees.

Key events

The first quarter of 2025 was extremely volatile. Market sentiment going into 2025 was very positive after another year of outperformance for US markets. However, the markets ended the quarter on a weak note, with the S&P 500 dipping into correction territory before finishing just under 10% (\$ terms) from its February peak. The weakness was driven in large part by growth fears that followed uncertainty around tariffs and the broader Trump 2.0 policy agenda. The UK and Europe outperformed. US Treasuries also performed well, with yields falling (and prices rising) in response to data showing weaker economic activity. In comparison, Germany's fiscal regime change- in the form of a loosening of its borrowing limits- caused a sell-off in the European bond market, with German bonds being the most impacted. In the US there was a significant change in market leadership from Information Technology to Energy. IT was the best-performing sector due to AI but took a hit after the emergence of China's low-cost DeepSeek AI model.

Quarterly performance



Source: State Street Global Services. Net of all fees.

Across private markets in general, momentum had been positive going into the first quarter of the new year, feeding off the improving outlook and environment in public markets. That optimism may have been premature. Private Equity market activity was a game of two halves. Early in the quarter it was relatively muted but March deal values reached the highest total in a decade.

Looking ahead, markets remain focused on the outcome of US tariffs and the US approach to Ukraine, Russia and increasingly China. With reference to the tariffs, there is uncertainty about the magnitude of the tariffs, their longevity, and hence the potential disruption they may cause.

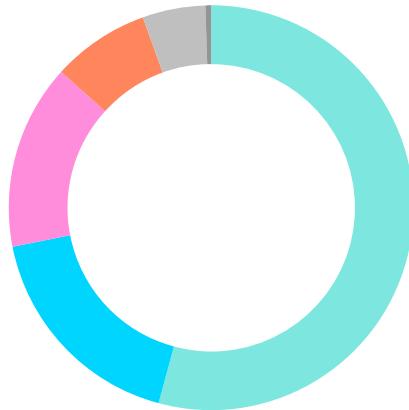
Asset summary

Assets transitioned to Brunel



Source: State Street Global Services. Net of all fees.

Asset allocation breakdown



Key:

Equities	54.19%
Fixed income	17.73%
Private markets	14.81%
Property	7.76%
Other	5.04%
Cash	0.46%

Source: State Street Global Services. Net of all fees.
Data includes non-pooled assets

Overview of assets

Detailed asset allocation

Equities	£1,942.77m	54.19%	Private markets (incl. property)	£809.37m	22.58%
Global High Alpha Equities	£498.86m	13.92%	UK Property	£219.33m	6.12%
Global Sustainable Equities	£439.17m	12.25%	Private Debt Cycle 2	£90.19m	2.52%
UK Active Equities	£407.39m	11.36%	International Property	£58.98m	1.65%
PAB Passive Global Equities	£388.10m	10.83%	Private Equity Cycle 2	£57.23m	1.60%
Emerging Markets Equities	£209.26m	5.84%	Infrastructure (General) Cycle 2	£55.53m	1.55%
Fixed income	£634.73m	17.73%	Infrastructure (Renewables) Cycle 2	£50.37m	1.40%
Sterling Corporate Bonds	£369.95m	10.32%	Infrastructure Cycle 1	£43.32m	1.21%
Multi-Asset Credit	£264.78m	7.41%	Private Equity Cycle 1	£43.22m	1.21%
			Private Debt Cycle 3	£15.19m	0.42%
			Infrastructure Cycle 3	£9.12m	0.25%
			Private Equity Cycle 3	£2.52m	0.07%
			Non-pooled Assets	£164.37m	4.59%
			Other	£180.78m	5.04%
			Diversifying Returns Fund	£168.41m	4.70%
			Blackrock Risk Management	£12.37m	0.35%
			Cash not included		

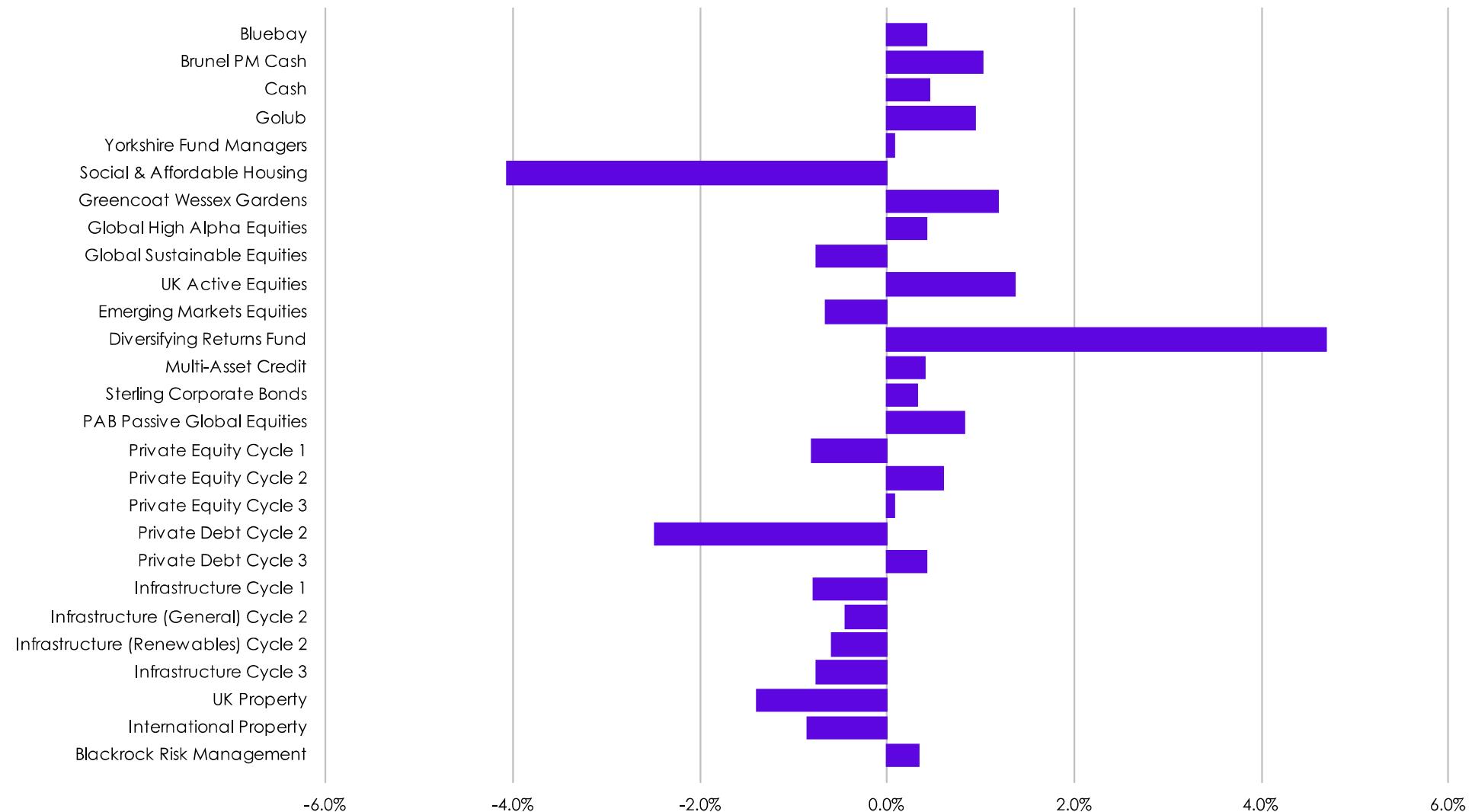
Overview of assets

Top 10 Equity Holdings at Pension Fund

ISIN	Security Name	Sector	Sub-sector	Country	Market Value (£)	% of Pension fund	ESG Score
US5949181045	MICROSOFT CORP	Information Technology	Systems Software	UNITED STATES	53,218,539.32	1.48%	13.65
US0231351067	AMAZON.COM INC	Consumer Discretionary	Broadline Retail	UNITED STATES	47,256,292.49	1.32%	26.10
US57636Q1040	MASTERCARD INC - A	Financials	Transaction & Payment	UNITED STATES	29,546,330.46	0.82%	14.25
GB00B10RZP78	UNILEVER PLC	Consumer Staples	Personal Care Products	UNITED KINGDOM	27,643,716.88	0.77%	21.55
GB0009895292	ASTRAZENECA PLC	Health Care	Pharmaceuticals	UNITED KINGDOM	27,573,296.56	0.77%	21.75
US67066G1040	NVIDIA CORP	Information Technology	Semiconductors	UNITED STATES	27,289,850.88	0.76%	12.46
US02079K3059	ALPHABET INC-CL A	Communication Services	Interactive Media &	UNITED STATES	25,153,274.45	0.70%	24.89
US0378331005	APPLE INC	Information Technology	Technology Hardware	UNITED STATES	24,427,821.40	0.68%	18.75
TW0002330008	TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR	Information Technology	Semiconductors	TAIWAN	23,373,576.80	0.65%	15.19
GB00BP6MxD84	SHELL PLC	Energy	Integrated Oil & Gas	UNITED KINGDOM	21,807,702.84	0.61%	36.76

Table excludes cash and non-pooled assets. This is an estimated aggregate position using Brunel Portfolios.

Strategic asset allocation



Performance attribution

Pension fund performance attribution - to quarter end

	End market value £'000	Actual % allocation at end of quarter	Strategic asset allocation (%)	Difference (%)	Fund return (%): 3 months	Contribution to return: 3 month
Bluebay	14,952	0.4%	-	0.4%	-0.1%	-0.0%
Brunel PM Cash	36,424	1.0%	-	1.0%	0.8%	0.0%
Cash	16,489	0.5%	-	0.5%	-0.5%	-0.0%
Golub	33,895	0.9%	-	0.9%	-0.1%	0.0%
Yorkshire Fund Managers	3,074	0.1%	-	0.1%	16.9%	0.0%
Social & Affordable Housing	33,317	0.9%	5.00%	-4.1%	-1.7%	-0.0%
Greencoat Wessex Gardens	42,709	1.2%	-	1.2%	-1.1%	-0.0%
Global High Alpha Equities	498,856	13.9%	13.50%	0.4%	-4.9%	-0.7%
Global Sustainable Equities	439,172	12.3%	13.00%	-0.7%	-4.7%	-0.6%
UK Active Equities	407,390	11.4%	10.00%	1.4%	2.6%	0.3%
Emerging Markets Equities	209,257	5.8%	6.50%	-0.7%	-0.7%	-0.0%
Diversifying Returns Fund	168,410	4.7%	-	4.7%	3.5%	0.2%
Multi-Asset Credit	264,779	7.4%	7.00%	0.4%	1.7%	0.1%
Sterling Corporate Bonds	369,954	10.3%	10.00%	0.3%	1.2%	0.1%
PAB Passive Global Equities	388,098	10.8%	10.00%	0.8%	-7.9%	-0.9%
Private Equity Cycle 1	43,219	1.2%	2.00%	-0.8%	N/M	N/M

Performance attribution

Pension fund performance attribution - to quarter end

	End market value £'000	Actual % allocation at end of quarter	Strategic asset allocation (%)	Difference (%)	Fund return (%): 3 months	Contribution to return: 3 month
Private Equity Cycle 2	57,229	1.6%	1.00%	0.6%	N/M	N/M
Private Equity Cycle 3	2,523	0.1%	-	0.1%	N/M	N/M
Private Debt Cycle 2	90,187	2.5%	5.00%	-2.5%	N/M	N/M
Private Debt Cycle 3	15,195	0.4%	-	0.4%	N/M	N/M
Infrastructure Cycle 1	43,323	1.2%	2.00%	-0.8%	N/M	N/M
Infrastructure (General) Cycle 2	55,532	1.5%	2.00%	-0.5%	N/M	N/M
Infrastructure (Renewables) Cycle 2	50,367	1.4%	2.00%	-0.6%	N/M	N/M
Infrastructure Cycle 3	9,124	0.3%	1.00%	-0.7%	N/M	N/M
UK Property	219,326	6.1%	7.50%	-1.4%	N/M	N/M
International Property	58,976	1.6%	2.50%	-0.9%	N/M	N/M
Blackrock Risk Management	12,375	0.3%	-	0.3%	-4,019,538.6%	0.4%

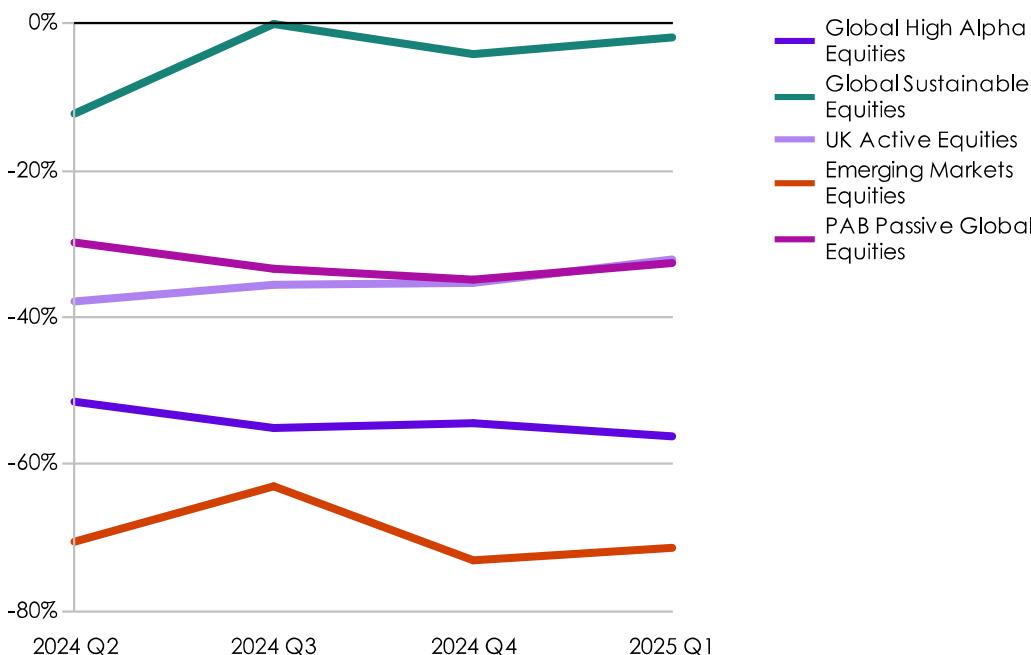
Private Markets 3 month performance is not material. Private Markets interim period performance is calculated using NAVs provided on business day 8. Later revisions to these NAVs are not captured in the calculations so please use caution when using this data.

Stewardship and climate metrics

Portfolio	WACI		Total Extractive Exposure ¹		Extractive Industries (VOH) ²	
	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2024 Q4	2025 Q1
Global High Alpha Equities	53	58	1.0	1.2	1.7	2.0
MSCI World*	117	132	3.2	3.1	7.3	8.1
Global Sustainable Equities	139	156	1.5	1.6	7.3	8.2
MSCI ACWI*	145	159	3.2	3.2	7.4	8.0
UK Active Equities	68	71	5.0	4.9	10.1	10.6
FTSE All Share ex Inv Tr*	105	104	6.2	6.2	16.7	16.9
Emerging Markets Equities	108	116	0.6	0.1	2.4	2.0
MSCI Emerging Markets*	402	405	5.8	5.7	7.5	7.2
PAB Passive Global Equities	78	90	0.9	0.8	3.1	3.5
FTSE Dev World TR UKPD*	120	134	3.1	3.1	7.6	8.4
Passive Developed Equities (Hedged)	120	134	2.9	2.9	7.6	8.4

*Benchmark. ¹ Extractive revenue exposure as share (%) of total revenue. ² Value of holdings (VOH) - companies who derive revenues from extractives. Source: Trucost. Changes between quarters may reflect improved data quality and coverage.

Weighted Average Carbon Intensity relative to benchmark



Stewardship reporting links

Engagement records

www.brunelpensionpartnership.org/stewardship/engagement-records/

Holdings records

www.brunelpensionpartnership.org/stewardship/holdings-records/

Voting records

www.brunelpensionpartnership.org/stewardship/voting-records/

Risk and return summary

Brunel portfolio performance - 3 year

	Annualised return	Risk (standard deviation)	Benchmark return	Benchmark standard deviation
Equities				
Global High Alpha Equities	6.9%	13.5%	8.8%	12.0%
Global Sustainable Equities	2.8%	13.0%	8.1%	11.5%
UK Active Equities	7.4%	12.1%	7.7%	11.3%
Emerging Markets Equities	1.6%	13.4%	2.6%	13.5%
PAB Passive Global Equities	8.0%	12.8%	8.1%	12.8%
Fixed income				
Multi-Asset Credit	5.4%	6.1%	8.2%	0.4%
Sterling Corporate Bonds	0.4%	9.2%	-0.8%	8.9%
Other				
Diversifying Returns Fund	3.6%	4.2%	7.2%	0.4%
Private markets (incl. property)				
Private Equity Cycle 1	7.4%	9.1%	8.1%	11.5%
Private Equity Cycle 2	4.3%	11.1%	8.1%	11.5%
Private Debt Cycle 2	7.7%	11.0%	8.2%	0.4%

Risk and return summary

Brunel portfolio performance - 3 year

	Annualised return	Risk (standard deviation)	Benchmark return	Benchmark standard deviation
Private markets (incl. property)				
Infrastructure Cycle 1	9.8%	4.4%	5.2%	2.1%
Infrastructure (General) Cycle 2	5.9%	5.1%	5.2%	2.1%
Infrastructure (Renewables) Cycle 2	5.2%	7.2%	5.2%	2.1%
UK Property	-3.8%	6.1%	-3.4%	8.7%
International Property**	-0.7%	9.0%	-1.7%	5.1%

**Performance data shown up to 31 December 2024

Risk and return summary

Non-pooled manager performance - 3 year

	Annualised return	Risk (standard deviation)	Benchmark return	Benchmark standard deviation
Bluebay	3.9%	4.2%	9.3%	0.4%
Brunel PM Cash	7.3%	-	-	-
Cash	-0.2%	-	-	-
Golub	11.3%	8.5%	9.3%	0.4%
Yorkshire Fund Managers	-5.4%	-	-	-
Gloucestershire County Council	4.4%	7.6%	4.7%	7.3%
Greencoat Cash	-	-	0.0%	-

Portfolio overview

Portfolio	Benchmark	Outperformance target	AUM (GBPm)	Perf. 3 month	Excess ⁺ 3 month	Perf. 1 year	Excess ⁺ 1 year	Perf. 3 year	Excess ⁺ 3 year	Perf. SII*	Excess ⁺ SII*	Initial investment
Equities (54.20%)		1,942.77										
Global High Alpha Equities	MSCI World	+2-3%	498.86	-4.9%	-0.3%	0.8%	-4.4%	6.9%	-2.0%	11.3%	-	15 Nov 2019
Global Sustainable Equities	MSCI ACWI	+2%	439.17	-4.7%	-0.5%	-2.7%	-8.0%	2.8%	-5.3%	5.8%	-5.3%	30 Sep 2020
UK Active Equities	FTSE All Share ex Inv Tr	+2%	407.39	2.6%	-2.4%	9.6%	-1.3%	7.4%	-0.3%	6.1%	-0.8%	21 Nov 2018
Emerging Markets Equities	MSCI Emerging Markets	+2-3%	209.26	-0.7%	-0.6%	6.4%	-	1.6%	-1.0%	2.1%	-1.6%	09 Oct 2019
PAB Passive Global Equities	FTSE Dev World PAB	Match	388.10	-7.9%	-	3.3%	-0.1%	8.0%	-0.1%	8.6%	-0.1%	25 Jan 2022
Fixed income (17.71%)		634.73										
Multi-Asset Credit	SONIA +4%	0% to +1.0%	264.78	1.7%	-0.4%	8.4%	-0.8%	5.4%	-2.9%	3.8%	-3.6%	01 Jun 2021
Sterling Corporate Bonds	iBoxx Sterling Non Gilt x	+1%	369.95	1.2%	0.5%	4.2%	1.8%	0.4%	1.2%	-1.4%	1.2%	02 Jul 2021
Private markets (incl. property) (18.00%)		645.00										
Private Equity Cycle 1	MSCI ACWI	+3%	43.22	N/M	N/M	5.0%	-0.4%	7.4%	-0.7%	11.6%	0.2%	26 Mar 2019
Private Equity Cycle 2	MSCI ACWI	+3%	57.23	N/M	N/M	8.7%	3.4%	4.3%	-3.8%	6.1%	-3.6%	05 Jan 2021
Private Equity Cycle 3	MSCI ACWI	+3%	2.52	N/M	N/M	4.3%	-1.1%	-	-	-7.2%	-20.8%	28 Apr 2023
Private Debt Cycle 2	SONIA	+4%	90.19	N/M	N/M	6.6%	-2.6%	7.7%	-0.6%	7.4%	-0.2%	17 Sep 2021
Private Debt Cycle 3	SONIA	+4%	15.19	N/M	N/M	10.3%	1.1%	-	-	11.2%	2.2%	20 Dec 2022
Infrastructure Cycle 1	CPI	+4%	43.32	N/M	N/M	10.8%	8.1%	9.8%	4.5%	8.6%	4.6%	02 Jan 2019

Portfolio overview

Portfolio	Benchmark	Outperformance target	AUM (GBPm)	Perf. 3 month	Excess ⁺ 3 month	Perf. 1 year	Excess ⁺ 1 year	Perf. 3 year	Excess ⁺ 3 year	Perf. SII*	Excess ⁺ SII*	Initial investment
Private markets (incl. property) (18.00%)												
Infrastructure (General) Cycle 2	CPI	+4%	55.53	N/M	N/M	2.5%	-0.2%	5.9%	0.7%	5.4%	0.2%	19 Oct 2020
Infrastructure (Renewables) Cycle 2	CPI	+4%	50.37	N/M	N/M	1.8%	-0.8%	5.2%	-	5.2%	-	12 Oct 2020
Infrastructure Cycle 3	n/a - absolute return target	net 8% IRR	9.12	N/M	N/M	5.8%	3.1%	-	-	2.2%	-1.9%	13 Oct 2022
UK Property	MSCI/AREF UK	+0.5%	219.33	N/M	N/M	5.2%	-1.0%	-3.8%	-0.3%	1.8%	-	01 Apr 2020
International Property**	GREFI	+0.5%	58.98	N/M	N/M	-2.2%	-1.8%	-0.7%	0.9%	-0.3%	-2.7%	01 Apr 2020
Other (4.70%)												
Diversifying Returns Fund	SONIA +3%	0% to +2.0%	168.41	3.5%	1.6%	3.2%	-4.9%	3.6%	-3.6%	3.8%	-1.9%	27 Jul 2020
Total Brunel assets (excl. cash) (94.61%)												
3,390.92												

*Since initial investment

**Performance data shown up to 31 December 2024

⁺ Excess to benchmark, may not include outperformance

Private Markets 3 month performance is not material. Private Markets interim period performance is calculated using NAVs provided on business day 8. Later revisions to these NAVs are not captured in the calculations so please use caution when using this data.

Table above excludes Blackrock Risk Management

Portfolio overview

Non-pooled assets

Portfolio	AUM (GBPm)	Perf. 3 month	Excess* 3 month	Perf. 1 year	Excess* 1 year	Perf. 3 year	Excess* 3 year	Perf. SII* Excess* SII*	Initial investment
Private markets (incl. property) (4.59%)		164.37							
Bluebay	14.95	-0.1%	-2.4%	2.2%	-8.1%	3.9%	-5.4%	6.1%	-1.0% 01 Aug 2017
Brunel PM Cash	36.42	0.8%	0.8%	5.6%	5.6%	7.3%	7.3%	4.8%	- 14 Dec 2018
Golub	33.90	-0.1%	-2.4%	8.2%	-2.1%	11.3%	2.0%	9.7%	2.8% 01 Jul 2017
Yorkshire Fund Managers	3.07	16.9%	16.9%	18.5%	18.5%	-5.4%	-5.4%	-	- 01 Oct 2017
Social & Affordable Housing	33.32	-1.7%	-2.7%	-	-	-	-	-0.3%	-3.7% 20 Jun 2024
Greencoat Wessex Gardens	42.71	-1.1%	-1.8%	5.0%	2.4%	-	-	4.4%	1.1% 12 Feb 2024
Other (0.46%)		16.49							
Cash	16.49	-0.5%	-0.5%	-0.4%	-0.4%	-0.2%	-0.2%	-	- 01 Oct 2017
Greencoat Cash	-	0.1%	0.1%	-	-	-	-	-	- 01 Mar 2024
Total non-pooled assets (excl. cash) (5.05%)		180.86							

*Since initial investment

+ Excess to benchmark, may not include outperformance

Chief Investment Officer commentary

The first quarter of 2025 was extremely volatile. Market sentiment going into 2025 was very positive after another year of outperformance for US markets. A new Republican government was widely viewed to be positive for US equity markets. US stocks started the quarter with strong momentum, with the S&P 500 hitting a record high on 19th February. However, the markets ended the quarter on a weak note, with the S&P 500 dipping into correction territory before finishing just under 10% (\$ terms) from its February peak. The weakness was driven in large part by growth fears that followed uncertainty around tariffs and the broader Trump 2.0 policy agenda. However, the UK and Europe returned 4.5% and 7.6% respectively, driven mainly by investors switching out of US stocks.

There was a notable shift in the global macroeconomic landscape during the first quarter of 2025. US exceptionalism was challenged as heightened policy uncertainty led to a sharp fall in sentiment and raised recession concerns. US Treasuries outperformed over the quarter, with yields falling (and prices rising) in response to data showing weaker economic activity. In comparison, Germany's fiscal regime change - in the form of a loosening of its borrowing limits - caused a sell-off in the European bond market, with German bonds being the most impacted.

In the US there was a significant change in market leadership from Information Technology to Energy. IT was the best-performing sector due to AI but took a hit after the emergence of China's low-cost DeepSeek AI model. Investors were already concerned about the valuation of the 'Magnificent Seven' stocks and their huge spending on AI, and this proved a catalyst for a sharp sell-off in these major stocks. Trade tariffs uncertainty also had a marked effect on global markets with the MSCI World down 4.7%. European markets rose by 7.6%, helped by the European Central Bank (ECB) cutting interest rates in January and March. The FTSE All-Share rose 4.5%, aided by strong performance from Financials, Energy and Healthcare.

Across private markets in general, momentum had been positive going into the first quarter of the new year, feeding off the improving outlook and environment in public markets and in spite of the turbulence in the UK from the Autumn Statement. Greater geopolitical forces were at play.

Real estate markets were beginning their cyclical upswing but by quarter-end were facing renewed challenges. UK real estate values grew steadily over the year (to quarter-end), with all sectors experiencing year-over-year increases in investment volumes during 2024. This positive momentum, driven by improving pricing and the prospect of further decreases in interest rates, suggested that 2025 would be another year of progress. That optimism may have been premature.

Private Equity market activity was a game of two halves. Early in the quarter, it was relatively muted compared to prior (exceptional) years, having been the slowest start to a year, deal-making-wise, in more than a decade. March deal values, however, reached the highest total in a decade, according to S&P Global Market Intelligence. Hopes were high that IPO markets would re-open, rates would come down and tax cuts would be extended in the US, leading to a broadening of US economic exceptionalism from large caps to mid- and small-cap companies.

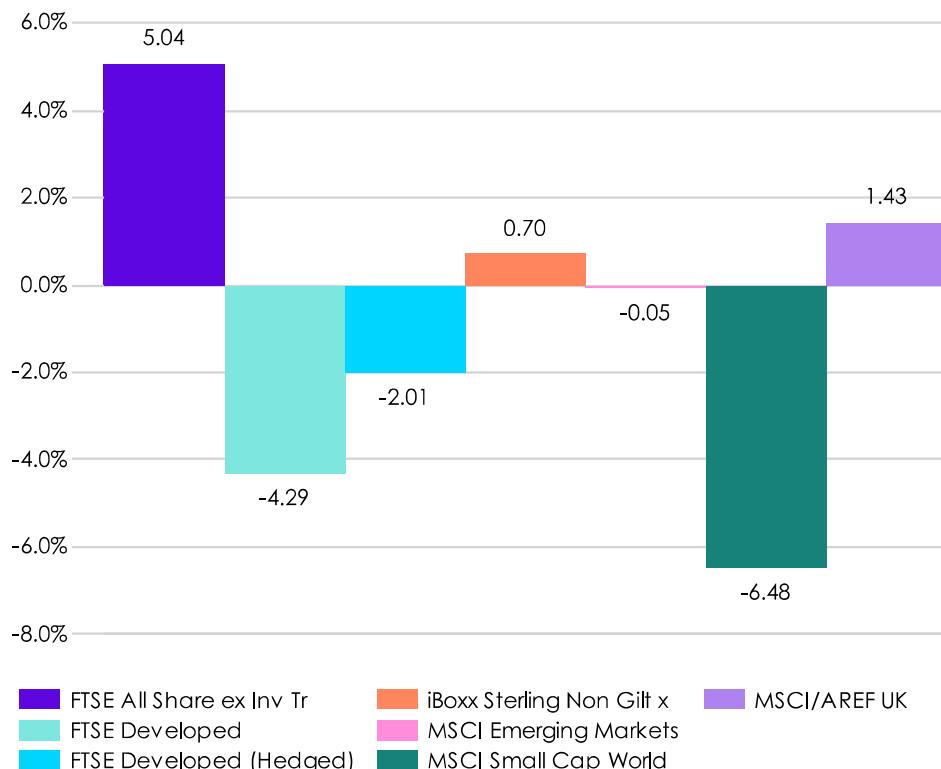
Private Debt market activity reflected the trends in Private Equity. M&A markets remained muted for much of the quarter (in volume terms), following a slight pickup in Q4. The resurgence of the broadly syndicated loan market drove direct lenders back to their traditional middle-market hunting grounds. Selectivity and broad diversification remained paramount.

Infrastructure and particularly renewables (which now make up ~50% of global infrastructure spend) faced renewed hostility from the US administration. Offshore wind has been the most impacted due to its reliance on federal permits although the need at state level is no less great, and no less urgent. Tariffs will impact on the cost of projects given the supply chain's heavy reliance on China and how nascent the alternatives are. This presents threats and opportunities that are both project- and country-specific. What is clear is that if the US wishes to lead in AI and to have a manufacturing renaissance, it will need abundant new sources of electricity generation and significant upgrades and reinforcements of its electricity grid.

Looking ahead, markets remain focused on the outcome of US tariffs and the US approach to Ukraine, Russia and increasingly China. With reference to the tariffs, there is uncertainty about the magnitude of the tariffs, their longevity, and hence the potential disruption they may cause.

Chief Investment Officer commentary

Index Performance Q1 2025



Source: State Street

Global High Alpha Equities

Launch date

6 December 2019

Investment strategy & key drivers

High conviction, unconstrained global equity portfolio

Liquidity

Managed

Benchmark

MSCI World

Outperformance target

+2-3%

Total fund value

£4,335m

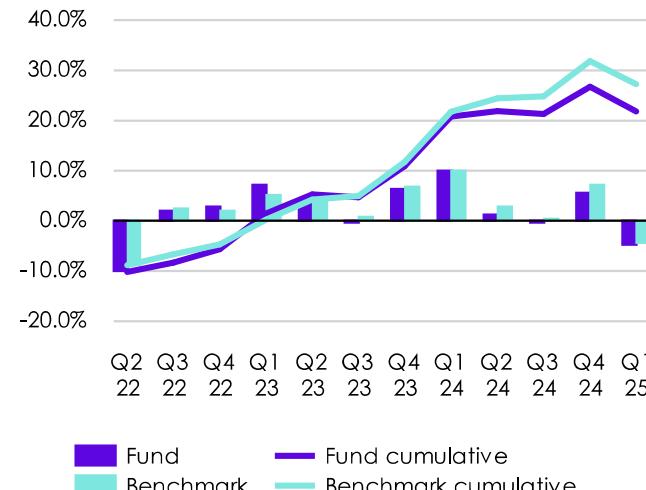
Risk profile

High

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP499m

Rolling 3yr performance



Performance to quarter end

Performance	3 month	1 year	3 year*	Since inception*
Fund	-4.9	0.8	6.9	11.8
MSCI World	-4.6	5.2	8.8	11.7
Excess	-0.3	-4.4	-2.0	0.0

Source: State Street Global Services

*per annum. Net of all fees.

Performance commentary

Global developed equities (as proxied by the MSCI World index) returned -4.6% in GBP terms over the quarter. The quarter was characterised by a rotation out of Growth into Value as the latter style significantly outperformed Growth by the largest quarterly amount since the recovery in equity markets following the GFC. Defensive sectors outperformed cyclical sectors in general. Energy and Utilities were the best-performing sectors whilst Consumer Discretionary, Communications Services and IT sectors all underperformed the broad index as the emergence of Chinese-based DeepSeek and additional policy uncertainty led to a sell-off in many of the large Growth winners within these sectors. Broad style indices showed Value outperformed, whilst both Quality and Growth underperformed.

The portfolio returned -4.9%, underperforming the index by 0.3% as strong stock selection was not enough to offset the negative contributions from sector allocation and the portfolio's tilt to growth. Sector attribution showed allocation was the main driver of underperformance. The portfolio's overweight to the Consumer Discretionary sector was the largest negative contributor; the underweight to Energy, Utilities and Consumer Staples sectors also detracted. Selection was strong during the quarter, particularly in the Consumer Discretionary and IT sectors. Six of the top ten contributors were underweight holdings in large-index Growth names. This trend was particularly apparent in the IT sector, where underweight holdings in Nvidia, Apple and Broadcom were the largest contributors. Within Consumer Discretionary, an underweight to Tesla was the largest

contributor, whilst the largest overweight contributor was Autozone, the car parts and maintenance provider. It reported strong results, showing evidence of resilience to a slowdown. Positive sentiment reflected their potential to benefit from automotive tariffs which may cause consumers to own cars for longer, leading to more repair activity.

Unsurprisingly, in such a style-driven quarter, manager performances reflected their investment styles. Harris (a Value manager) outperformed strongly (+6%) whilst RLAM, which has a deliberately style-agnostic investment approach, also outperformed (+0.75%). Fiera's Quality approach underperformed by 0.8% whilst those managers with a more Growth style underperformed by more (AB -1.9% and BG -4%).

Global High Alpha Equities

Top 5 holdings

	Weight %	B'mark weight %	Client value (GBP)*
MICROSOFT CORP	5.17	3.89	25,805,787
AMAZON.COM INC	4.08	2.64	20,369,401
MASTERCARD INC	3.09	0.66	15,420,048
ALPHABET INC	2.96	2.47	14,747,490
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR	2.95	-	14,704,838

*Estimated client value

Top 5 active overweights

	Weight %	Benchmark weight %
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR	2.95	-
MASTERCARD INC	3.09	0.66
AUTOZONE INC	1.68	0.09
LVMH MOET HENNESSY LOUIS	1.74	0.25
MOODY'S CORP	1.57	0.11

Top 5 active underweights

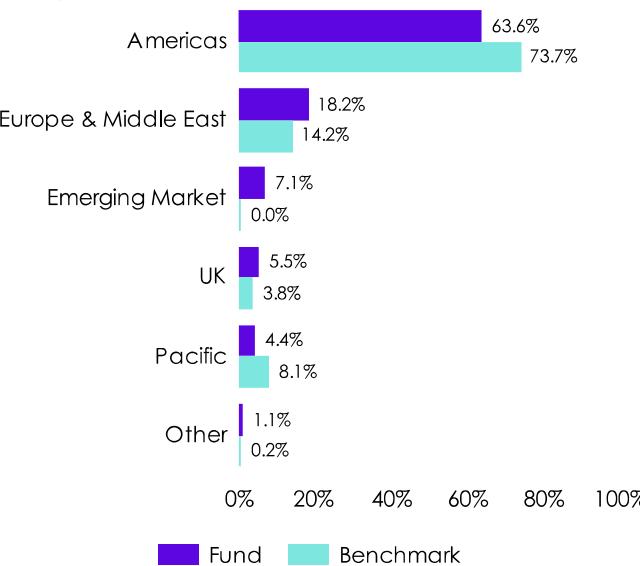
	Weight %	Benchmark weight %
APPLE INC	0.97	4.91
META PLATFORMS INC	-	1.85
NVIDIA CORP	2.16	3.90
TESLA INC	-	1.10
BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY INC	-	1.04

Largest contributors to ESG risk

	ESG risk score*	
	Q4 2024	Q1 2025
AMAZON.COM INC	26.10	26.10
ALPHABET INC-CL A	24.89	24.89
MICROSOFT CORP	14.23	13.65
MASTERCARD INC - A	16.13	14.25
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR-SP	13.72	15.19

*Source: Sustainalytics. The table is ordered by negative overall ESG impact on the portfolio, with the most impactful at the top. ESG Risk Score reference: 0-10 is Negligible, 10-20 is Low, 20-30 is Medium, 30-40 is High, 40 is Severe.

Regional exposure



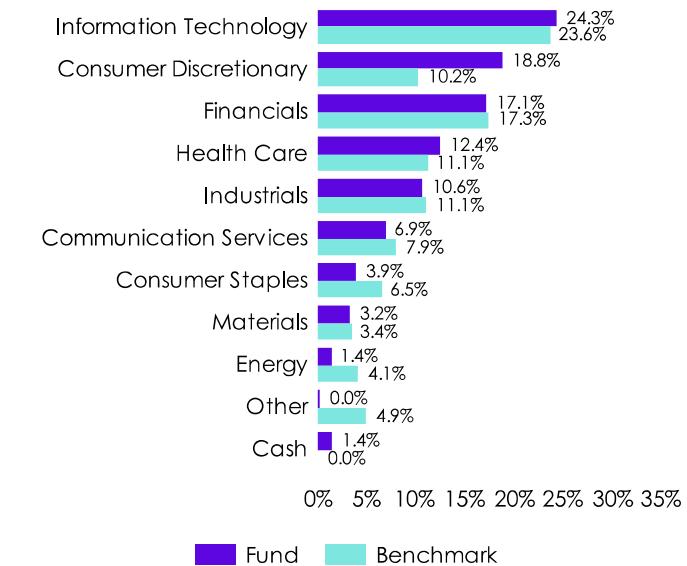
Classification: Public

Carbon metrics

Portfolio	WACI		Total Extractive Exposure ¹		Extractive Industries (VOH) ²	
	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2024 Q4	2025 Q1
Global High Alpha	53	58	0.96	1.20	1.69	1.98
MSCI World*	117	132	3.16	3.12	7.35	8.13

*Benchmark. ¹ Extractive revenue exposure as share (%) of total revenue. ² Value of holdings (VOH) - companies who derive revenues from extractives. Source: Trucost. Changes between quarters may reflect improved data quality and coverage.

Sector exposure



Global Sustainable Equities

Launch date

20 October 2020

Investment strategy & key drivers

Global equity exposure concentrating on ESG factors

Liquidity

Managed

Benchmark

MSCI ACWI

Outperformance target

+2%

Total fund value

£3,685m

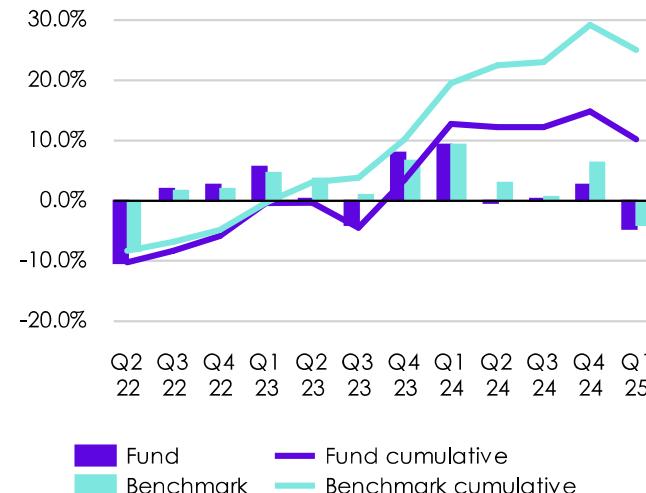
Risk profile

High

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP439m

Rolling 3yr performance



Performance to quarter end

Performance	3 month	1 year	3 year*	Since inception*
Fund	-4.7	-2.7	2.8	5.4
MSCI ACWI	-4.2	5.3	8.1	10.8
Excess	-0.5	-8.0	-5.3	-5.4

Source: State Street Global Services

*per annum. Net of all fees.

Performance commentary

The portfolio returned -4.7% net of fees over Q1 2025, marginally underperforming the MSCI ACWI benchmark, which returned -4.2%. This quarter can be characterised by an exceptional amount of volatility in the market. The fund outperformed the index in January and March. However, a defence sector/emerging markets rally through February accounted for all the relative underperformance.

The early parts of the quarter were defined by the DeepSeek AI announcement, which threatened to disrupt NVIDIA's future growth plans. The announcement was a good example of how the market can't price the unknown. There was so much focus on NVIDIA's chips becoming more efficient that the thought of large language models becoming more energy-efficient was overlooked.

The following two months were defined by macro-politics, driven by the US and how it shapes its relationship with the rest of the world. An uncertain commitment to Nato and Europe's defence culminated in a seismic shift in German policy, whereby the Bundestag voted to increase defence and infrastructure spending by €500bn. This supported the aerospace and defence sector, which returned 12% in Q1. As is to be expected, the sustainable fund has 0% exposure to this sector. There was also a focus on increasing tariffs for countries that export goods into the US. The market reacted negatively reflecting the potential negatives. The tariff uncertainty was formalised on 2 April, the US president's "liberation day".

The portfolio demonstrated strong stock selection in the US as it has a notable underweight to the Mag 7, which sold off. However, this was balanced against a cyclical/defence sector/Value rally in Europe, where the portfolio is underweight.

At a manager level, Jupiter and Mirova demonstrated strong levels of relative outperformance. Nordea performed in line with the ACWI, whilst RBC and Ownership underperformed. At the time of writing, 55 peers had submitted their quarterly returns and the GSE fund sat comfortably above the median in the second quartile. We are pleased that we were able to provide downside protection, outperforming the median peer group over the quarter, whilst also outperforming the median peer group in a growth market through 2024.

Global Sustainable Equities

Top 5 holdings

	Weight %	B'mark weight %	Client value (GBP)*
MICROSOFT CORP	2.83	3.49	12,415,778
MASTERCARD INC	2.63	0.59	11,529,925
WASTE MANAGEMENT INC	2.25	0.12	9,864,849
ACCENTURE PLC	1.79	0.26	7,882,560
NVIDIA CORP	1.74	3.49	7,633,857

*Estimated client value

Top 5 active overweights

	Weight %	Benchmark weight %
WASTE MANAGEMENT INC	2.25	0.12
MASTERCARD INC	2.63	0.59
AMERICAN WATER WORKS CO INC	1.67	0.04
ACCENTURE PLC	1.79	0.26
ASML HOLDING NV	1.73	0.34

Top 5 active underweights

	Weight %	Benchmark weight %
APPLE INC	-	4.40
ALPHABET INC	-	2.21
NVIDIA CORP	1.74	3.49
META PLATFORMS INC	-	1.65
AMAZON.COM INC	1.25	2.37

Largest contributors to ESG risk

	ESG risk score*	
	Q4 2024	Q1 2025
WASTE MANAGEMENT INC	18.61	18.74
MASTERCARD CORP	14.23	13.65
MASTERCARD INC - A	16.13	14.25
ECOLAB INC	23.86	23.86
ELI LILLY & CO	-	23.62

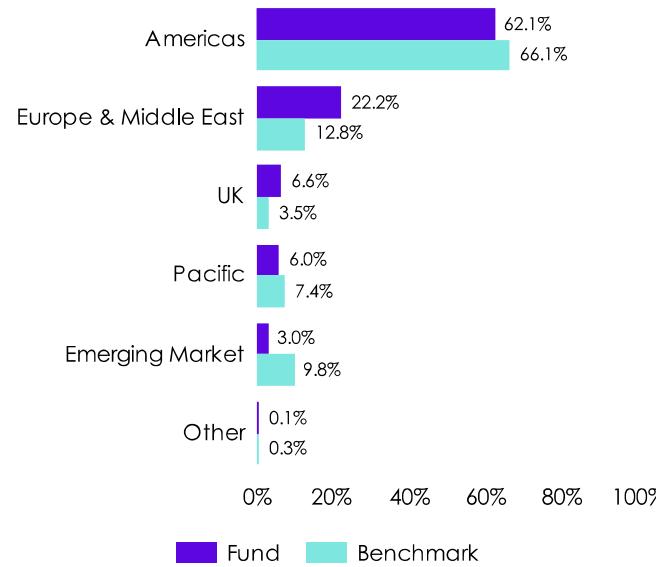
*Source: Sustainalytics. The table is ordered by negative overall ESG impact on the portfolio, with the most impactful at the top. ESG Risk Score reference: 0-10 is Negligible, 10-20 is Low, 20-30 is Medium, 30-40 is High, 40+ is Severe.

Carbon metrics

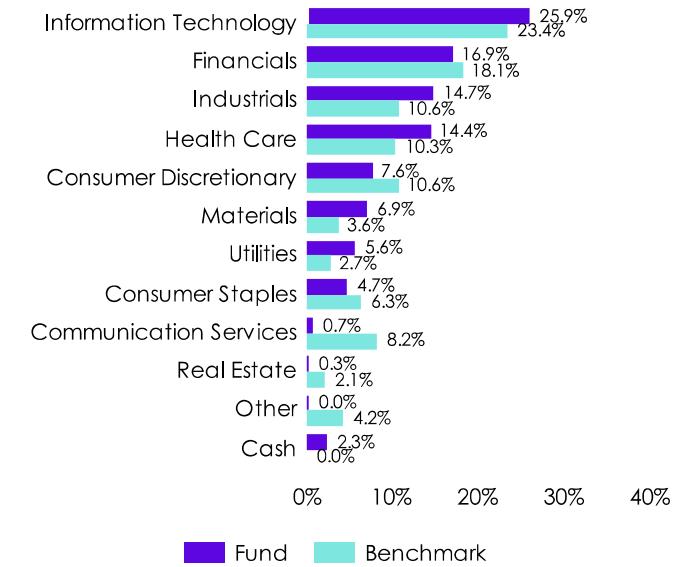
Portfolio	WACI		Total Extractive Exposure ¹		Extractive Industries (VOH) ²	
	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2024 Q4	2025 Q1
Global Sustainable	139	156	1.54	1.59	7.34	8.25
MSCI ACWI*	145	159	3.21	3.17	7.36	8.03

*Benchmark. ¹ Extractive revenue exposure as share (%) of total revenue. ² Value of holdings (VOH) - companies who derive revenues from extractives. Source: Trucost. Changes between quarters may reflect improved data quality and coverage.

Regional exposure



Sector exposure



UK Active Equities

Launch date

1 December 2018

Investment strategy & key drivers

Active stock and sector exposure to UK equity markets

Liquidity

Managed

Benchmark

FTSE All Share ex Inv Tr

Outperformance target

+2%

Total fund value

£1,386m

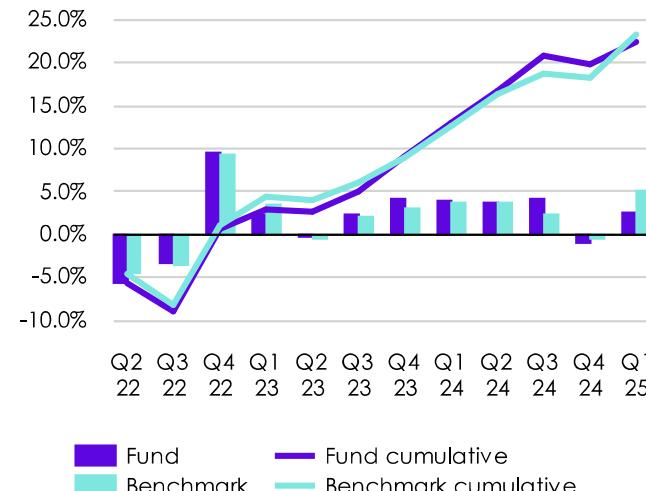
Risk profile

High

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP407m

Rolling 3yr performance



Performance to quarter end

Performance	3 month	1 year	3 year*	Since inception*
Fund	2.6	9.7	7.4	6.0
FTSE All Share ex Inv Tr	5.0	11.0	7.7	6.9
Excess	-2.4	-1.3	-0.3	-0.9

Source: State Street Global Services

*per annum. Net of all fees.

Performance commentary

This quarter the FTSE All-Share Index excluding Investment Trusts returned 5%, outperforming the developed market index (MSCI World) by 9.6% in GBP terms. The significant outperformance partly reflected the UK's lower allocation to Consumer Discretionary and Technology, which suffered from the market rotation away from large high-growth stocks towards defensive Value-oriented sectors. The FTSE 100 outperformed the FTSE 250 significantly in the quarter, outperforming in sectors like Pharma, Banks, Aerospace and Energy. Factor returns showed that Size (small) was the largest underperformer whilst Value and Momentum outperformed, and Quality was marginally positive.

The portfolio returned 2.6% during the period, underperforming the benchmark by 2.4%.

Sector attribution showed negative selection was the main driver of returns. Selection was weakest in Consumer Staples and Industrials. Within Consumer Staples, not holding tobacco names BAT and Imperial delivered the largest negative contribution. In Industrials, defence-related names were the strongest performers, and underweights to Rolls Royce and BAE Systems were large detractors, despite the overweight holding in Babcock making the largest contributor to relative returns. Other big-name significant detractors included underweight holdings in Shell, HSBC and Lloyds. Allocation had a neutral impact. Negative impacts from an underweight to Energy (the best-performing sector) and an overweight to Consumer Discretionary (the worst-performing sector) were offset by the overweight to Financials and underweight to Basic Materials. Market cap

allocation was a headwind over the quarter, detracting 2.8% from relative returns, driven by the overweight to the quintile of smallest companies - the worst-performing quintile.

On a manager-by-manager basis, Invesco performed in line with the index. Of their targeted factors, Quality contributed positively whilst Value detracted (Momentum was marginally positive). Baillie Gifford underperformed by 5.8% over the quarter, driven by weak selection in Industrials and Financials sectors. Sector allocation was also negative, with the underweight exposure in Energy the largest detractor (-1.3%). Market Cap allocation had a large negative impact on relative returns, detracting 5.3% overall, with an overweight to the quintile of smallest companies detracting 3% from relative returns.

UK Active Equities

Top 5 holdings

	Weight %	B'mark weight %	Client value (GBP)*
ASTRAZENECA PLC	6.07	7.37	24,729,739
UNILEVER PLC	5.16	4.91	21,026,281
SHELL PLC	4.34	7.51	17,692,815
HSBC HOLDINGS PLC	3.80	6.82	15,465,289
RELEX PLC	3.06	3.16	12,481,485

*Estimated client value

Top 5 active overweights

	Weight %	Benchmark weight %
MARKS & SPENCER GROUP PLC	2.37	0.32
STANDARD CHARTERED PLC	3.01	0.99
BABCOCK INTERNATIONAL GROUP	1.68	0.16
BUNZL PLC	1.84	0.43
JUST GROUP PLC	1.39	0.07

Top 5 active underweights

	Weight %	Benchmark weight %
SHELL PLC	4.34	7.51
HSBC HOLDINGS PLC	3.80	6.82
BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO PLC	-	2.75
NATIONAL GRID PLC	-	2.15
LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE	0.80	2.49

Largest contributors to ESG risk

	ESG risk score*	
	Q4 2024	Q1 2025
SHELL PLC	38.07	36.76
ASTRAZENECA PLC	21.49	21.75
UNILEVER PLC	21.55	21.55
HSBC HOLDINGS PLC	24.22	22.38
BP PLC	33.20	33.20

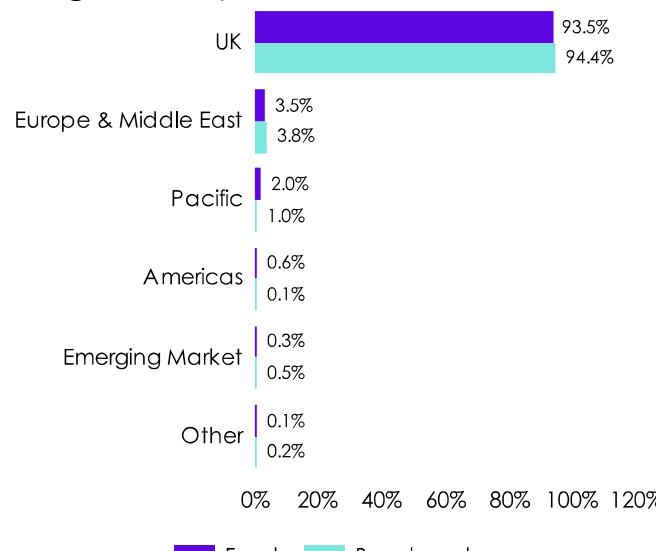
*Source: Sustainalytics. The table is ordered by negative overall ESG impact on the portfolio, with the most impactful at the top. ESG Risk Score reference: 0-10 is Negligible, 10-20 is Low, 20-30 is Medium, 30-40 is High, 40 is Severe.

Carbon metrics

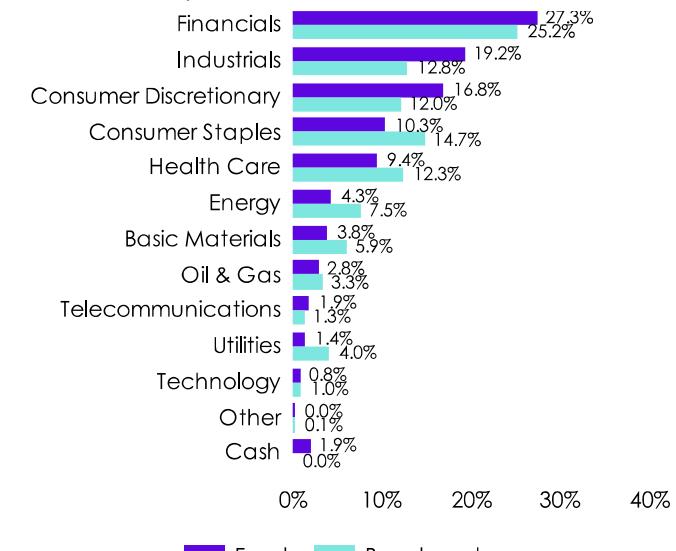
Portfolio	WACI		Total Extractive Exposure ¹		Extractive Industries (VOH) ²	
	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2024 Q4	2025 Q1
UK Active Equities	68	71	5.02	4.89	10.11	10.64
FTSE All Share ex Inv	105	104	6.18	6.21	16.74	16.91

*Benchmark. ¹ Extractive revenue exposure as share (%) of total revenue. ² Value of holdings (VOH) - companies who derive revenues from extractives. Source: Trucost. Changes between quarters may reflect improved data quality and coverage.

Regional exposure



Sector exposure



Emerging Markets Equities

Launch date

8 November 2019

Investment strategy & key drivers

Equity exposure to emerging markets

Liquidity

Managed

Benchmark

MSCI Emerging Markets

Outperformance target

+2-3%

Total fund value

£1,094m

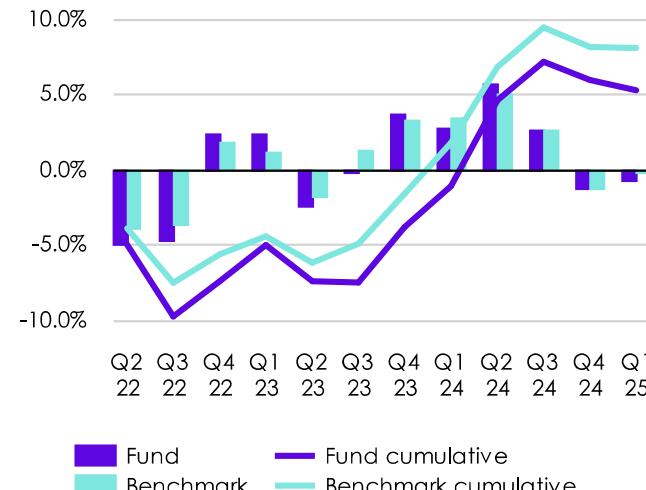
Risk profile

High

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP209m

Rolling 3yr performance



Performance to quarter end

Performance	3 month	1 year	3 year*	Since inception*
Fund	-0.7	6.4	1.6	1.6
MSCI Emerging Markets	-0.1	6.3	2.6	3.2
Excess	-0.6	0.0	-1.0	-1.5

Source: State Street Global Services

*per annum. Net of all fees.

Performance commentary

Emerging Markets (EM) had a muted start to 2025, returning -0.1% over the quarter. Major markets like China performed strongly but were offset by concerns over global trade following the second inauguration of Donald Trump in January 2025. The portfolio lagged the benchmark by 0.6% net of fees.

Globant – a technology services provider – was the largest detractor to relative performance at a company level. Shares in the provider fell by 47.1% following an earnings miss and re-evaluation of forward-looking growth prospects from Globant's management. Many managers are happy to continue holding the stock, believing that Globant's management is being overly prudent with forward-looking growth forecasts.

Country dispersion was once again mixed last quarter. China was the standout performer, returning +11.6% in GBP. This was offset by India and Taiwan, which fell by 5.8% and 15.2% respectively. India struggled following slowing GDP growth, which hit a 15-month low of +6.7%. Taiwanese equities struggled following concerns over US tariffs and a reversal in sentiment towards AI. The portfolio is 5% overweight China, which detracted almost 100 basis points from relative performance. The underweights to India and Taiwan were not enough to offset this detraction.

Technology was the worst performer over the quarter, returning -11.5%. This was driven by the reversal in sentiment on AI, as mentioned previously. The portfolio is 3.4%

overweight this sector, which detracted from relative performance.

Last quarter was one of the largest in terms of style dispersion. Quality assets – where the portfolio is overweight – underperformed by 7.5%. This had a large impact on Stewart, which focuses on Quality and underperformed by a similar amount. The most successful style was Prime Value, which outperformed by 4% and benefitted Robeco.

Investors appear to remain cautiously optimistic on the EM outlook but have raised questions on global growth given geopolitical fears, which is causing some volatility across markets. These considerations need to be factored in when looking at what are still attractive EM valuations. EM trades on 12.0x next year's earnings vs 18.2x for developed markets.

Emerging Markets Equities

Top 5 holdings

	Weight %	B'mark weight %	Client value (GBP)*
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR	9.38	8.60	19,630,824
ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LTD	4.10	3.39	8,576,622
TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD	3.78	5.25	7,903,192
SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO LTD	3.27	2.72	6,847,282
HDFC BANK LTD	2.67	1.54	5,590,171

*Estimated client value

Top 5 active overweights

	Weight %	Benchmark weight %
MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA LTD	1.63	0.37
CONTEMPORARY AMPEREX	1.35	0.12
HDFC BANK LTD	2.67	1.54
POP MART INTERNATIONAL GROUP	1.14	0.14
ERSTE GROUP BANK AG	0.99	-

Top 5 active underweights

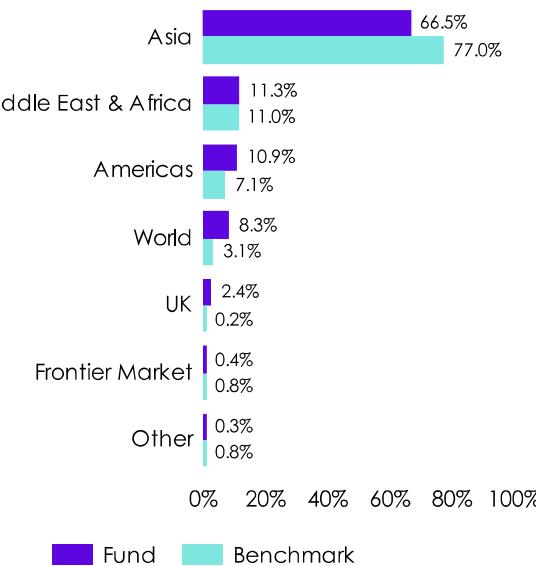
	Weight %	Benchmark weight %
TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD	3.78	5.25
PDD HOLDINGS INC	-	1.05
BYD CO LTD	-	0.86
PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA	-	0.71
AL RAJHI BANK	-	0.68

Largest contributors to ESG risk

	ESG risk score*	
	Q4 2024	Q1 2025
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR	13.72	15.19
ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LTD	20.13	17.99
TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD	18.76	18.76
HDFC BANK LIMITED	29.97	24.91
RELIANCE INDUSTRIES LTD	38.54	39.93

*Source: Sustainalytics. The table is ordered by negative overall ESG impact on the portfolio, with the most impactful at the top. ESG Risk Score reference: 0-10 is Negligible, 10-20 is Low, 20-30 is Medium, 30-40 is High, 40 is Severe.

Regional exposure



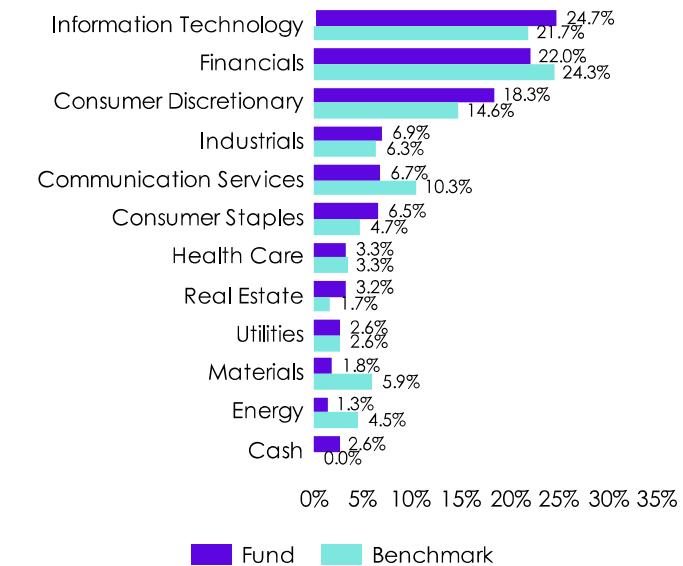
Fund Benchmark

Carbon metrics

Portfolio	WACI		Total Extractive Exposure ¹		Extractive Industries (VOH) ²	
	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2024 Q4	2025 Q1
Emerging Markets	108	116	0.56	0.09	2.40	2.03
MSCI Emerging	402	405	5.81	5.71	7.50	7.16

*Benchmark. ¹ Extractive revenue exposure as share (%) of total revenue. ² Value of holdings (VOH) - companies who derive revenues from extractives. Source: Trucost. Changes between quarters may reflect improved data quality and coverage.

Sector exposure



Fund Benchmark

Diversifying Returns Fund

Launch date

12 August 2020

Investment strategy & key drivers

Strategy utilising currencies, credit, rates and equities

Liquidity

Managed

Benchmark

SONIA +3%

Outperformance target

0% to +2.0%

Total fund value

£968m

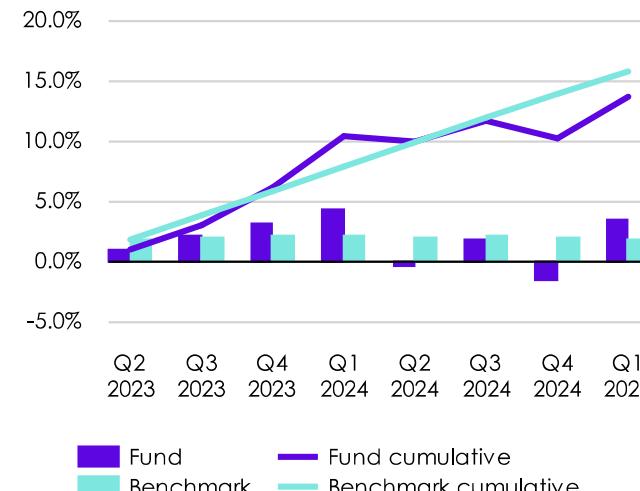
Risk profile

Moderate

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP168m

Rolling 2yr performance



Performance to quarter end

Performance	3 month	1 year	3 year*	Since inception*
Fund	3.5	3.2	3.6	4.0
SONIA +3%	1.9	8.1	7.2	5.8
Excess	1.6	-4.9	-3.6	-1.7

Source: State Street Global Services

*per annum. Net of all fees.

Performance commentary

The Diversifying Returns Fund returned 3.5% over the first quarter of 2025. SONIA +3% returned 1.9%. The sterling hedged 50/50 equity/bond index we monitor returned -0.2% over the quarter.

Over the period, returns from traditional asset classes were poor, with losses across both equities and bonds. However, alternative premia performed well, with UBS posting a very strong quarter and JPM also generating positive returns for the period. It was good that the portfolio generated performance that was differentiated from traditional asset classes, delivering positive returns in challenging market conditions.

Fulcrum returned 0.9% over the quarter. Negative returns from equities were somewhat offset by commodity exposure and

hedging assets in the asset allocation section of the portfolio. Within Discretionary Macro strategies, tactical positioning in gold contributed positively. Thematic equities also performed well along with cross-asset positioning in Brazilian FX and interest rates and long exposure to the Japanese yen. The shift in European sentiment following Germany's fiscal spending announcement impacted short euro and long European sovereign bond positions.

JPM returned 2.6%, with the Equity Value signal the biggest contributor to performance over the period. Other equity signals also performed well. Credit carry made a positive contribution to returns, whilst other carry signals were flat. Momentum signals were mixed with Equity Relative Value

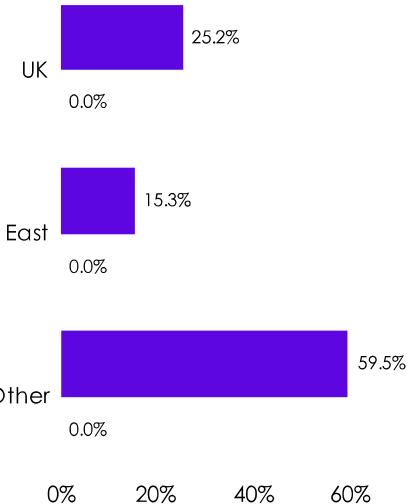
Momentum performing well but Fixed Income Fundamental Momentum the weakest of JPM's signals over the quarter.

Lombard Odier's largest portfolio exposure was to sovereign bonds, which contributed to negative returns of -0.9% for the quarter. Developed market equity exposure also detracted from performance. The fund generated positive returns from Emerging Market equities and commodities.

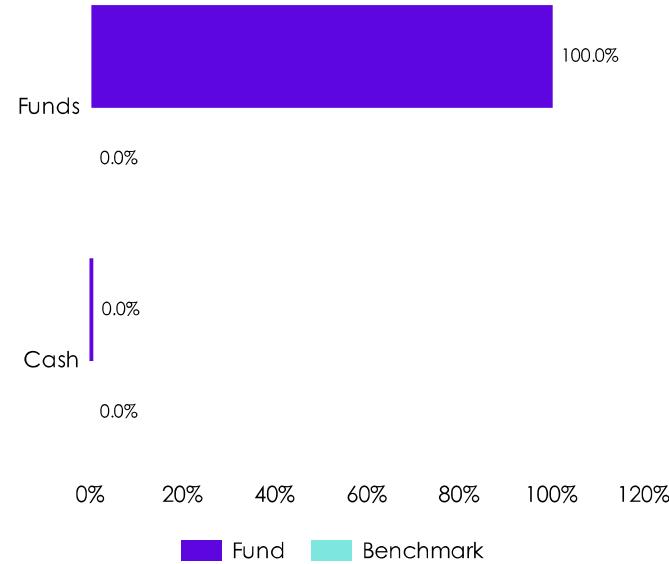
UBS enjoyed a strong quarter, returning 13.4%. The largest positive returns were generated from long positions in the Brazilian real and Norwegian kroner. Short positions in the US dollar, New Zealand dollar, and in sterling also performed well. The biggest detractors were a long position in the Indonesia rupiah and short position in the euro.

Diversifying Returns Fund

Regional exposure



Sector exposure



■ Fund ■ Benchmark

Multi-Asset Credit

Launch date

7 July 2021

Investment strategy & key drivers

Exposure to higher yield bonds with moderate credit risk

Liquidity

Managed

Benchmark

SONIA +4%

Outperformance target

0% to +1.0%

Total fund value

£3,218m

Risk profile

Moderate

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP265m

Insufficient data to show rolling performance chart

Performance to quarter end

Performance	3 month	1 year	3 year*	Since inception*
Fund	1.7	8.4	5.4	3.8
SONIA +4%	2.1	9.2	8.2	7.4
Excess	-0.4	-0.8	-2.9	-3.6
Bloomberg Global High Yield Index	1.3	9.0	5.2	2.5
Morningstar LSTA US Leveraged Loan Index	0.5	6.8	6.7	5.8

Source: State Street Global Services
*per annum. Net of all fees.

Performance commentary

Credit markets started the quarter well but experienced some late turbulence as investors anticipated the impact of US tariffs. The 10-year and 2-year US Treasury yields fell by approximately 35 basis points each, ending the period at 4.21% and 3.89% respectively.

Credit spreads generally increased across all areas of leveraged finance. High Yield bond spreads rose to 377 basis points, a rise of 48 basis points from the start of the quarter.

The higher spread and lower rate combination proved harmful to floating rate assets, such as Leveraged Loans and Collateralised Loan Obligations. These assets were ultimately flat over the quarter, whereas fixed rate assets such as High Yield bonds and Investment Grade bonds returned 1.3% and 2.8% respectively.

The Multi-Asset Credit portfolio returned 1.7%, behind the primary target (SONIA +4%) but ahead of the composite secondary benchmark. These benchmarks returned 2.1% and 0.9% respectively.

Neuberger Berman outperformed the other managers due to higher duration and lower weighting in floating rate assets. However, all 3 managers lagged the primary target.

Financial markets are still struggling to price interest rate expectations. The first quarter once again showed higher volatility in Treasury yields. Investors should be wary of this trend, alongside potential impacts from tariffs, which could cause credit spread volatility. Despite the risks, carry remains at a healthy level, with the portfolio offering an attractive yield of 7.7%.

Sterling Corporate Bonds

Launch date

2 July 2021

Investment strategy & key drivers

Managed credit selection to generate excess sterling yield returns

Liquidity

Managed

Benchmark

iBoxx Sterling Non Gilt x

Outperformance target

+1%

Total fund value

£2,913m

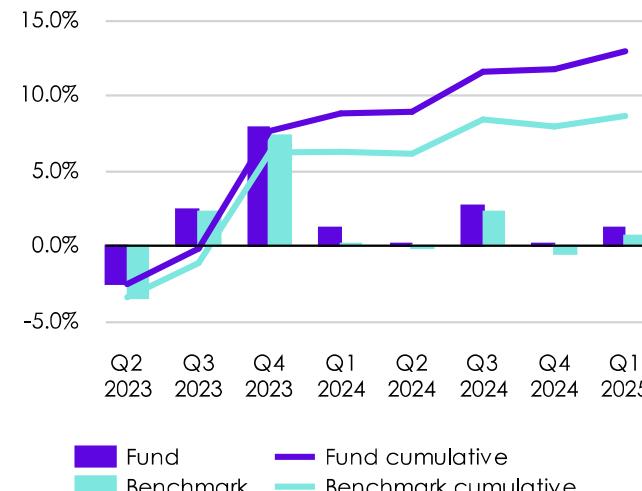
Risk profile

Moderate

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP370m

Rolling 2yr performance



Performance to quarter end

Performance	3 month	1 year	3 year*	Since inception*
Fund	1.2	4.2	0.4	-1.4
iBoxx Sterling Non Gilt x	0.7	2.4	-0.8	-2.5
Excess	0.5	1.8	1.2	1.2

Source: State Street Global Services

*per annum. Net of all fees.

Performance commentary

The first quarter was a strong one for the sterling credit strategy. We saw spreads begin to widen towards the end of the quarter, after several years of near-constant tightening, but it was a relatively calm three months for sterling debt investors. The sterling corporate debt market found a path between the larger US and euro markets – which saw greater volatility in the period. Increased geopolitical tensions and heightened macroeconomic uncertainty will always lead to reassessed investment assumptions and market volatility. The consensus expectation is that tariffs will likely hurt the consumer through price inflation and hamper GDP growth. Government bond yields and credit spreads were consequently on the move.

While sterling Investment Grade all-in yields are attractive, their make-up has changed. A larger component of the yield is now from government bond yields, and most of the volatility in the credit market is coming from government bond yields, too.

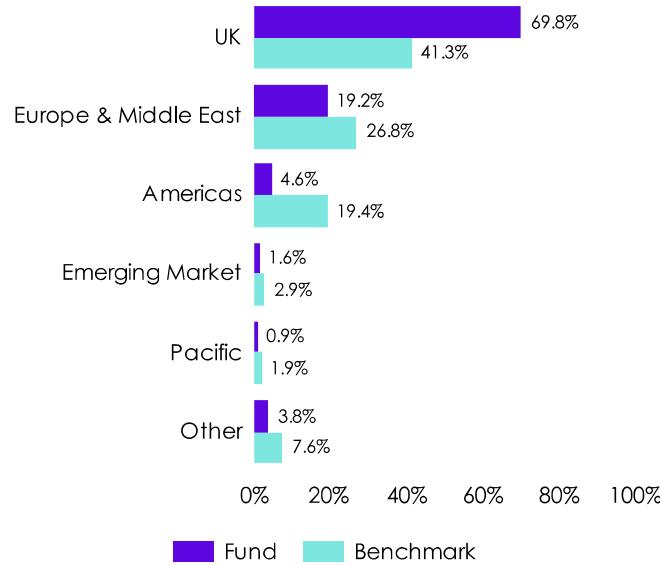
After the strong start to the year, RLAM looked to reduce the risk in their portfolios, slightly reducing their overweight position in banks, particularly subordinated debt, and moving into a favoured sector, structured bonds, where spreads were wider. This general move added to performance, benefiting early on as spreads tightened, and then taking risk off ahead of the modest widening seen later on. Stock selection was the main driver of outperformance. The story of the quarter was bank and insurance bonds seeing strong performance in the

first two months of the year. RLAM continued to see value in financials – particularly subordinated debt, which offered increased buying opportunities.

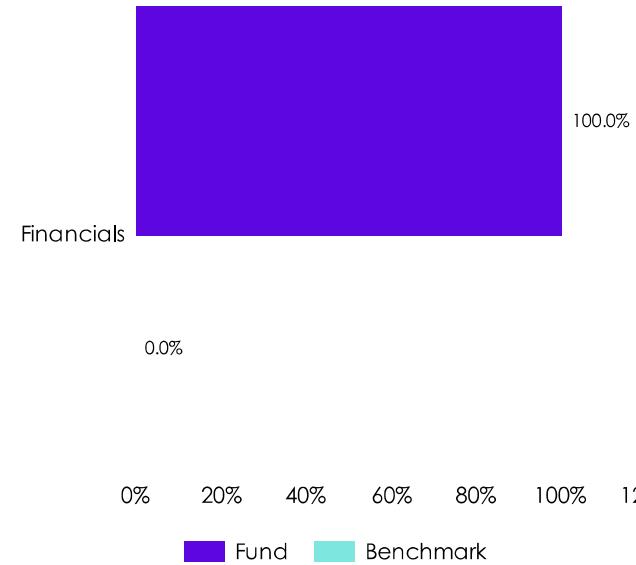
Credit allocation was also positive in the quarter, with the large overweight to structured bonds proving a tailwind. For structured bonds, exposure to the sector was helpful as these bonds generally outperformed the market. Selection within the sector was mixed: our exposure to Thames Water was negative, as was the holding in student loans vehicle ICSL, while holdings in shopping centre debt from Intu and Trafford performed well – helped by not being interest rate-sensitive and by the uptick in consumer sentiment.

Sterling Corporate Bonds

Regional exposure



Sector exposure



PAB Passive Global Equities

Launch date

1 November 2021

Investment strategy & key drivers

Passive global equity exposure aligned to Paris Agreement climate goals

Liquidity

High

Benchmark

FTSE Dev World PAB

Outperformance target

Match

Total fund value

£2,574m

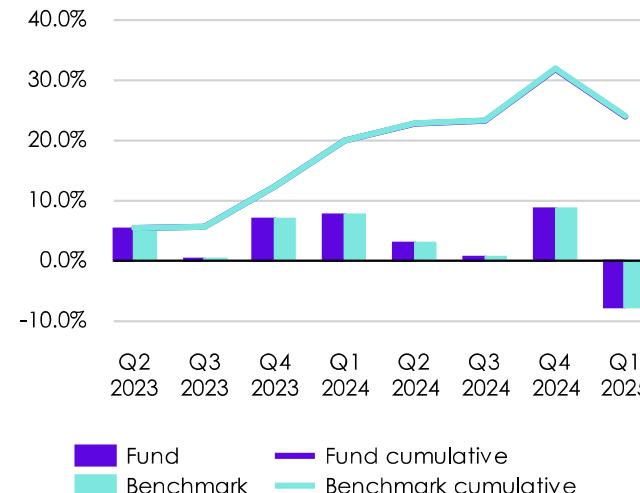
Risk profile

High

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP388m

Rolling 2yr performance



Performance to quarter end

Performance	3 month	1 year	3 year*	Since inception*
Fund	-7.9	3.3	8.0	7.0
FTSE Dev World PAB	-7.8	3.4	8.1	7.1
Excess	-0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1

Source: State Street Global Services

*per annum. Net of all fees.

Performance commentary

The FTSE Developed Paris Aligned index (PAB) product returned -7.9% over Q1 2025 and 3.3% for the 12-month period to end-Q1. The PAB product closely replicated the performance of the benchmark index over these periods.

The product's performance was impaired by exposure to the Consumer Discretionary sector and, in particular, large positions in Tesla and Amazon which had respective average weights of 6.1% and 5.9% over the period. Following a strong prior quarter, Tesla returned -37.7% for sterling investors after reporting a decline in sales as rival BYD took market share at a fast pace. Both Tesla and Amazon, each with multinational supply chains, experienced declining sentiment as US tariffs escalated.

Tesla has a large weighting in the PAB due to strong scoring on Scope 1& 2 Carbon Emissions Intensity, Scope 3 Carbon Emissions Intensity, Green Revenues and TPI CP 2050 Scenario Alignment. Within FTSE's model, strong scores for these metrics more than offset a low TPI Management Quality score. Amazon is a large weighting in the parent index and further benefits from positive scoring on Scope 1 & 2 Carbon Emissions, Scope 3 Carbon Emissions, Green Revenues and TPI Management Quality.

The product's low exposure to the Energy sector hindered returns. First Solar, which is held in the fund and returned -30.4% over the period, was negatively impacted by concerns the Trump administration could withdraw key tax credits for domestic solar modules. In contrast, Integrated oil & gas

companies, a very small exposure in the fund, performed well.

The product is designed to ensure that EVIC-derived carbon exposure decreases on the required trajectory at each rebalance date. This requirement was met at the last rebalance in September 2024. Between rebalance dates, the product's carbon exposure has the potential to drift ahead of, or behind, the target decarbonisation trajectory.

PAB Passive Global Equities

Top 5 holdings

	Weight %	Client value (GBP)*
AMAZON.COM INC	5.51	21,390,469
APPLE INC	5.05	19,598,503
ALPHABET INC	4.95	19,198,451
TESLA INC	4.94	19,162,358
MICROSOFT CORP	3.86	14,996,975

*Estimated client value

Largest contributors to ESG risk

	ESG risk score*	
	Q4 2024	Q1 2025
AMAZON.COM INC	26.10	26.10
TESLA INC	24.73	24.76
APPLE INC	16.79	18.75
ALPHABET INC-CL A	24.89	24.89
ALPHABET INC-CL C	24.89	24.89

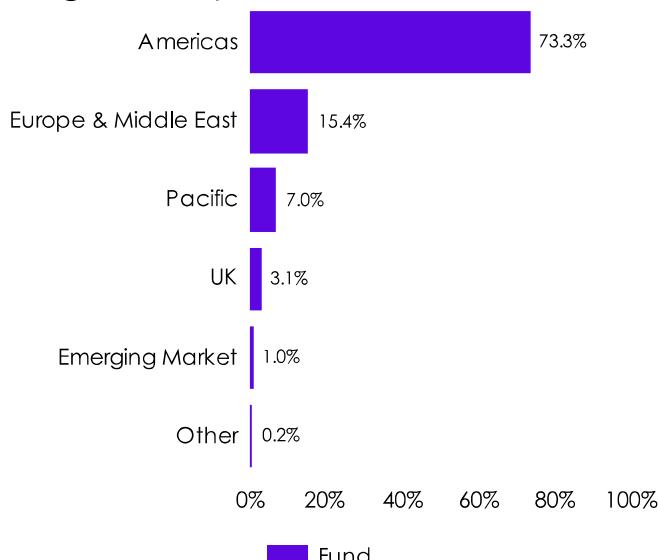
*Source: Sustainalytics. The table is ordered by negative overall ESG impact on the portfolio, with the most impactful at the top. ESG Risk Score reference: 0-10 is Negligible, 10-20 is Low, 20-30 is Medium, 30-40 is High, 40 is Severe.

Carbon metrics

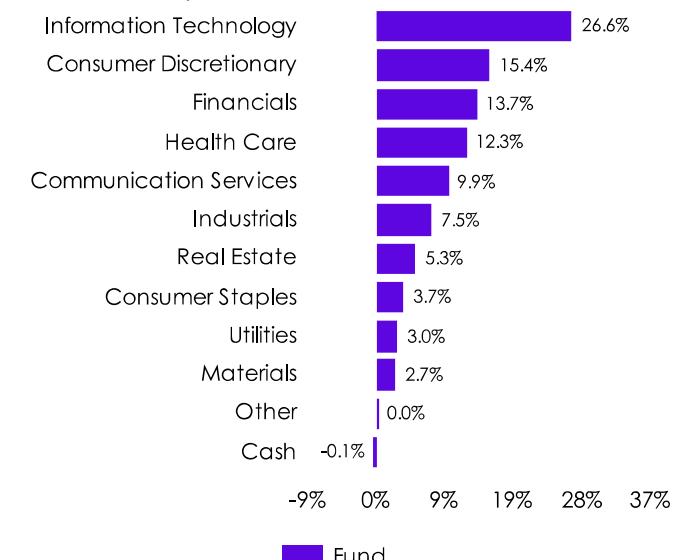
Portfolio	WACI		Total Extractive Exposure ¹		Extractive Industries (VOH) ²	
	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2024 Q4	2025 Q1
PAB Passive Global	78	90	0.90	0.84	3.09	3.49
FTSE Dev World TR	120	134	3.08	3.07	7.60	8.37

*Benchmark. ¹ Extractive revenue exposure as share (%) of total revenue. ² Value of holdings (VOH) - companies who derive revenues from extractives. Source: Trucost. Changes between quarters may reflect improved data quality and coverage.

Regional exposure



Sector exposure



Private Equity Cycle 1

Investment objective

Global portfolio of private equity investments

Benchmark

MSCI ACWI

Outperformance target

+3%

Launch date

1 October 2018

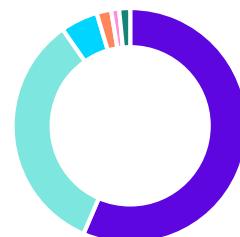
Commitment to portfolio

£43.00m

The fund is denominated in GBP

Country

Invested in underlying investments



North America	56.5%
Western Europe	33.8%
Asia Pacific	5.1%
Global	2.0%
Middle-East/North Africa	1.1%
Other	1.5%

Source: Colmore
Country data is lagged by one quarter

Portfolio summary

Market value (GBP millions)	1 Year MWR*	Since Inception MWR*	Inflows latest quarter	Outflows latest quarter	Net cash flow latest quarter	Value added latest quarter	TVPI	Contribution to return: 1 year	Contribution to return: since inception
43.2	5.0%	11.6%	288,511	1,132,820	-844,309	-1,096,880	1.39	0.1%	0.0%

*Money weighted return. Net of all fees. Private Markets interim period performance is calculated using NAVs provided on business day 8. Later revisions to these NAVs are not captured in the calculations so please use caution when using this data.

Commitment to Investment

£43.33m

Amount Called

£36.46m

% called to date

84.15

Number of underlying funds

7

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP43.22m

Performance commentary

The year began with an air of optimism as GPs released their outlooks for the year. This now appears premature as the high levels of activity and increased distributions seen in late 2024 softened with market uncertainty. Liquidity continues to be an issue as hold periods get pushed out.

The portfolio has a meaningful 30% secondaries fund exposure which allowed it to take advantage of prior liquidity squeezes and pricing dislocations. The portfolio has significant exposure to the mid-market which continues to produce greater distributions than large-cap. We have seen encouraging news from Capital Dynamics GSEC V regarding future distributions, with 3-5% per quarter expected. DPI across both Secondaries Funds sits at ~0.3x and we expect this will head upwards as they continue to sell companies. Summit and Vespa also continue to show good signs of producing DPI through redemption of shares, recaps & exits.

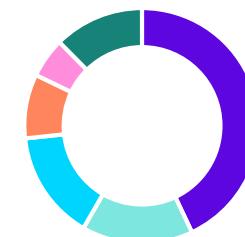
The resurgence of the broadly-syndicated loans market bodes well for Private Equity as this has led to tighter spreads. This, along with a smaller valuation gap, has led to sponsor-to-sponsor transactions increasing. Investors demand distributions from older vintages and GPs offer creative solutions to generate liquidity. This included minority stake sales, secondaries (especially continuation vehicles), dividend recaps and NAV loans but the demands for the return of capital remain.

Portfolio development now stands at ~84% invested with 100% committed as at end-Q1 2025. Portfolio performance remains positive and is largely flat vs the prior quarter.

Pipeline - The Cycle 1 portfolio is now fully committed, so no new investments are required.

Sector

GICs level 1



Financials	43.0%
Information Technology	15.3%
Health Care	15.0%
Industrials	8.8%
Consumer Discretionary	5.5%
Other	12.4%

Source: Colmore
Sector data is lagged by one quarter

Classification: Public

Private Equity Cycle 2

Investment objective

Global portfolio of private equity investments

Benchmark

MSCI ACWI

Outperformance target

+3%

Launch date

1 May 2020

Commitment to portfolio

£70.00m

The fund is denominated in GBP

Commitment to Investment

£70.12m

Amount Called

£52.85m

% called to date

75.38

Number of underlying funds

14

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP57.23m

Performance commentary

The year began with an air of optimism as GPs released their outlooks for the year. This now appears premature as the high levels of activity and increased distributions seen in late 2024 softened with market uncertainty. Liquidity continues to be an issue as hold periods get pushed out.

The portfolio has 19% secondaries fund exposure which positioned it well to take advantage of prior liquidity squeezes. The portfolio also has significant exposure to the mid-market which continues to produce greater distributions than large-cap. LGT Global Crown Secondaries V announced a portfolio sale of several fund positions, the distribution from this sale was received by clients after qtr end representing just over 10% of commitments and takes the Fund to 0.3x DPI.

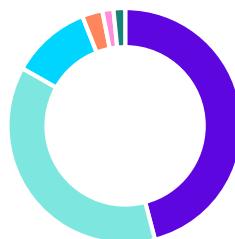
The resurgence of the broadly-syndicated loans market bodes well for Private Equity as this has led to tighter spreads. This, along with a smaller valuation gap, has led to sponsor-to-sponsor transactions increasing. Investors demand distributions from older vintages and GPs offer creative solutions to generate liquidity. This included minority stake sales, secondaries (especially continuation vehicles), dividend recaps and NAV loans but the demands for the return of capital remain.

The pace of portfolio deployment remains strong, with the portfolio now ~77% invested and 100% committed as of end-Q1 2025. Portfolio performance remains positive and is largely flat vs the prior quarter.

Pipeline - The Cycle 2 portfolio is now fully committed, so no new investments are required.

Country

Invested in underlying investments



North America	45.9%
Western Europe	37.2%
Asia Pacific	11.0%
Global	2.8%
Middle-East/North Africa	1.5%
Other	1.6%

Source: Colmore
Country data is lagged by one quarter

Sector

GICs level 1



Information Technology	31.2%
Financials	26.2%
Health Care	15.9%
Industrials	13.9%
Consumer Discretionary	6.3%
Other	6.5%

Source: Colmore
Sector data is lagged by one quarter

Portfolio summary

Market value (GBP millions)	1 Year MWR*	Since Inception MWR*	Inflows latest quarter	Outflows latest quarter	Net cash flow latest quarter	Value added latest quarter	TVPI	Contribution to return: 1 year	Contribution to return: since inception
57.2	8.7%	6.1%	2,925,063	283,842	2,641,222	485,757	1.12	0.1%	0.0%

*Money weighted return. Net of all fees. Private Markets interim period performance is calculated using NAVs provided on business day 8. Later revisions to these NAVs are not captured in the calculations so please use caution when using this data.

Classification: Public

Private Equity Cycle 3

Investment objective

Global portfolio of private equity investments

Benchmark

MSCI ACWI

Outperformance target

+3%

Launch date

1 April 2022

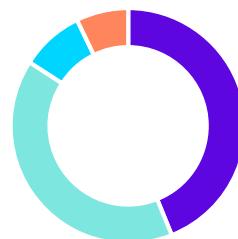
Commitment to portfolio

£16.00m

The fund is denominated in GBP

Country

Invested in underlying investments



North America
Europe
Rest of the World
Global

Source: Colmore
Country data is lagged by one quarter

Portfolio summary

Market value (GBP millions)	1 Year MWR*	Since Inception MWR*	Inflows latest quarter	Outflows latest quarter	Net cash flow latest quarter	Value added latest quarter	TVPI	Contribution to return: 1 year	Contribution to return: since inception
2.5	4.3%	-7.2%	854,695	0	854,695	-28,578	0.96	0.0%	-0.0%

*Money weighted return. Net of all fees. Private Markets interim period performance is calculated using NAVs provided on business day 8. Later revisions to these NAVs are not captured in the calculations so please use caution when using this data.

Commitment to Investment

£16.00m

Amount Called

£2.74m

% called to date

17.13

Number of underlying funds

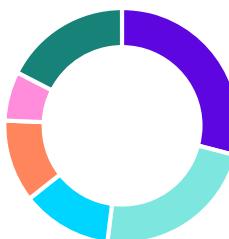
1

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP2.52m

Sector

GICs level 1



Source: Colmore
Sector data is lagged by one quarter

Performance commentary

The year began with an air of optimism as GPs released their outlooks for the year. This now appears premature as the high levels of activity and increased distributions seen in late 2024 softened with market uncertainty. Liquidity continues to be an issue as hold periods get pushed out.

The Cycle 3 portfolio has 17% in secondaries fund exposure which positioned it well to take advantage of prior liquidity squeezes as well as potential future situations. In addition, the portfolio overall has significant exposure to the mid-market which continues to produce greater distributions than large-cap companies.

The resurgence of the broadly-syndicated loans market bodes well for Private Equity as this has led to tighter spreads. This, along with a smaller valuation gap, has led to sponsor-to-sponsor transactions increasing. Investors demand distributions from older vintages and GPs offer creative solutions to generate liquidity. This included minority stake sales, secondaries (especially continuation vehicles), dividend recaps and NAV loans but the demands for the return of capital remain.

The portfolio is ~17% invested (excluding assets held on the NB credit line) at quarter-end and 100% committed. Performance will become more meaningful over time. The Portfolio is fully committed and will not make any new investments.

Pipeline

The Cycle 3 PE portfolio is now fully committed, so no new investments are required.

Classification: Public

Private Debt Cycle 2

Investment objective

Global portfolio of senior direct loans, predominantly to PE-sponsored companies

Benchmark

SONIA

Outperformance target

+4%

Launch date

1 May 2020

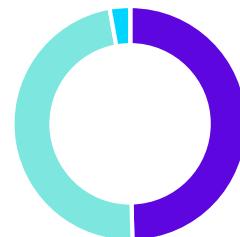
Commitment to portfolio

£120.00m

The fund is denominated in GBP

Country

Invested in underlying investments



Europe	49.7%
North America	47.5%
Asia Pacific	2.8%
Other	-

Source: Aksia and underlying managers
Country data is lagged by two quarters

Portfolio summary

Market value (GBP millions)	1 Year MWR*	Since Inception MWR*	Inflows latest quarter	Outflows latest quarter	Net cash flow latest quarter	Value added latest quarter	TVPI	Contribution to return: 1 year	Contribution to return: since inception
90.2	6.6%	7.4%	0	0	0	0	1.16	0.2%	0.0%

*Money weighted return. Net of all fees. Private Markets interim period performance is calculated using NAVs provided on business day 8. Later revisions to these NAVs are not captured in the calculations so please use caution when using this data.

Commitment to Investment

£120.00m

Amount Called

£92.20m

% called to date

76.83

Number of underlying funds

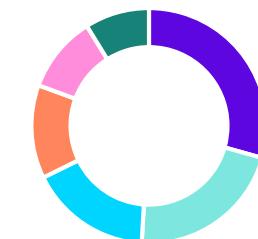
1

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP90.19m

Sector

GICs level 1



Health Care	29.4%
Information Technology	21.6%
Industrials	16.8%
Consumer Discretionary	12.8%
Financials	10.5%
Other	8.9%

Source: Aksia and underlying managers
Sector data is lagged by two quarters

Performance commentary

To begin the year, private credit markets were characterized by the resurgence of broadly syndicated loan activity, driving direct lenders towards the middle market. Lenders on the larger deals were having to concede to tighter pricing, looser documentation or higher leverage. The primary source of deal flow has been dividend recapitalizations and repricing as sponsors look to take advantage of lower base rates and spreads (vs highs seen across 2022/23). M&A markets remain muted, following a slight pickup in Q4.

As Q1 developed, growing tariff uncertainty emerged which served to dampen expectations for stronger M&A activity. Post quarter end, President Trump announced his tariff plan which shook markets. We are currently assessing the impact of tariffs on the portfolio and will monitor those positions which may be at risk. Managers have commented that the current situation presents both risks and opportunities, with the possibility of a rise in rates, or at least a higher-for-longer environment. Interest coverage ratios and prudent capital structures will be key for current positions in navigating a more volatile environment. The portfolio remains highly diversified across >460 credits.

At the end of Q1, the portfolio was ~77% invested and 100% committed to seven funds (3 US, 3 European, 1 Global). All managers have now called investor capital, and some managers are coming towards the end of their respective investment periods.

Pipeline

There is no fund pipeline, with the portfolio fully committed.

Classification: Public

Private Debt Cycle 3

Investment objective

Global portfolio of senior direct loans, predominantly to PE-sponsored companies

Benchmark

SONIA

Outperformance target

+4%

Launch date

1 April 2022

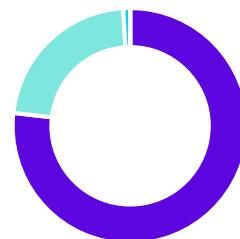
Commitment to portfolio

£38.00m

The fund is denominated in GBP

Country

Invested in underlying investments



Europe	76.7%
North America	22.3%
Asia Pacific	1.0%
Other	-

Source: Aksia and underlying managers
Country data is lagged by one quarter

Portfolio summary

Market value (GBP millions)	1 Year MWR*	Since Inception MWR*	Inflows latest quarter	Outflows latest quarter	Net cash flow latest quarter	Value added latest quarter	TVPI	Contribution to return: 1 year	Contribution to return: since inception
15.2	10.3%	11.2%	1,226,800	450,810	775,990	476,122	1.12	0.0%	0.0%

*Money weighted return. Net of all fees. Private Markets interim period performance is calculated using NAVs provided on business day 8. Later revisions to these NAVs are not captured in the calculations so please use caution when using this data.

Commitment to Investment

£38.01m

Amount Called

£16.53m

% called to date

43.48

Number of underlying funds

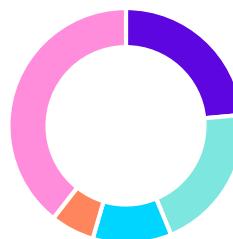
6

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP15.19m

Sector

GICs level 1



Software	23.5%
Health Care	20.2%
Financials & Insurance	10.9%
Professional Services	6.1%
Other	39.3%

Source: Aksia and underlying managers
Sector data is lagged by one quarter

Performance commentary

To begin the year, private credit markets were characterized by the resurgence of broadly-syndicated loan activity, driving direct lenders towards the middle market. Lenders on the larger deals were having to concede to tighter pricing, looser documentation or higher leverage. The primary source of deal flow has been dividend recapitalizations and repricing as sponsors look to take advantage of lower base rates and spreads (vs highs seen across 2022/23). M&A markets remain muted, following a slight pickup in Q4.

As Q1 developed, growing tariff uncertainty emerged which served to dampen expectations for stronger M&A activity. Post quarter end, President Trump announced his tariff plan which shook markets. We are currently assessing the impact of tariffs on the portfolio and will monitor those positions which may be at risk. Managers have commented that the current situation presents both risks and opportunities, with the possibility of a rise in rates, or at least a higher-for-longer environment. Interest coverage ratios and prudent capital structures will be key for current positions in navigating a more volatile environment. The portfolio remains highly diversified across >400 credits.

The portfolio has made all of its commitments to six funds (3 European, 3 US) with all having now called capital. The portfolio is ~43% invested and performance is positive but flat vs the prior quarter.

Pipeline

There is no fund pipeline, with the portfolio fully committed as of April 2024.

Classification: Public

Infrastructure Cycle 1

Investment objective

Portfolio of predominantly European sustainable infrastructure assets

Benchmark

CPI

Outperformance target

+4%

Launch date

1 October 2018

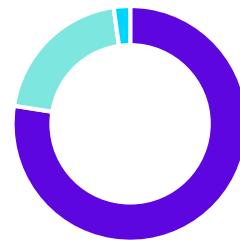
Commitment to portfolio

£43.00m

The fund is denominated in GBP

Country

Commitment in underlying investments



Europe (incl. UK)	77.4%
North America	20.3%
Rest Of World	2.3%

Source: Stepstone
Country data is lagged by two quarters

Portfolio summary

Market value (GBP millions)	1 Year MWR*	Since Inception MWR*	Inflows latest quarter	Outflows latest quarter	Net cash flow latest quarter	Value added latest quarter	TVPI	Contribution to return: 1 year	Contribution to return: since inception
43.3	10.8%	8.6%	822,567	1,849,765	-1,027,198	1,688,320	1.29	0.1%	0.0%

*Money weighted return. Net of all fees. Private Markets interim period performance is calculated using NAVs provided on business day 8. Later revisions to these NAVs are not captured in the calculations so please use caution when using this data.

Commitment to Investment

£42.88m

Amount Called

£40.95m

% called to date

95.51

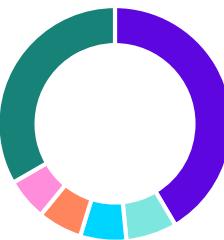
Number of underlying funds

5

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP43.32m

Sector



Source: Stepstone
Sector data is lagged by two quarters

Performance commentary

The first quarter of 2025 was one of deep uncertainty. The US Administration's dislike for renewable energy was quickly made clear during the initial flurry of executive orders. Then followed the threat of the introduction of tariffs on all trading partners creating uncertainty over supply chains. It is too early to comment on longer term impacts of tariffs. We may not see the same volatility in valuations as during Covid with rate cuts expected in the major economies. But risks remain on whether tariff induced inflation will slow or stop rate cuts.

The widely attended Berlin Infrastructure conference took place in March. Some of the key takeaways were: (i) Digital infrastructure- the evolution of infrastructure beyond traditional physical assets; (ii) Inflation protection-infrastructure investments possess this attribute, predictable long-term revenues, and strong asset backing; (iii) Energy demand- which presents significant investment opportunities.

In addition to the exit of Pattern as disclosed in the last quarterly report, Arcus Infrastructure Partners has announced the completion of the sale of its smart metering businesses, Horizon Energy Infrastructure and Smart Meter Assets to global investment firm KKR. Under Arcus ownership, Horizon and SMA won c. 3m new contracted meters with Octopus, OVO, Utilita, SO Energy and EDF, raised £940m of debt financing under an innovative structure, put in place long-term interest rate hedges, increased contract coverage of the meter base to 95% and significantly improved the ESG credentials of both businesses. At exit, the combined portfolio stands at c. 3.5m installed energy meters, with a c. 1.9m contracted pipeline of energy meters. This exit will generate a gross IRR of 36.6% for AEIF2's investment in Horizon.

Infrastructure Cycle 1

As at the end of Q1 2025, the portfolio was ~96% invested and 97% committed. Overall, we are pleased with the evolution of Cycle 1. The portfolio is well diversified across sectors, technologies, geographies, managers and vintages and has proven to be resilient to market volatility as it continues to deliver performance, both in terms of returns and societal and environmental sustainability, in line with target and ambition at inception.

Pipeline

Cycle 1 is fully committed, so no new investments are required.

Infrastructure (General) Cycle 2

Investment objective

Global portfolio of infrastructure with a focus on non-RE sectors and sustainable assets

Benchmark

CPI

Outperformance target

+4%

Launch date

1 May 2020

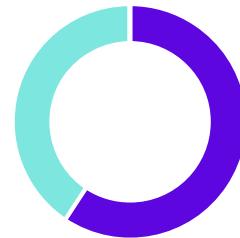
Commitment to portfolio

£65.00m

The fund is denominated in GBP

Country

Commitment in underlying investments



█ Europe (incl. UK)
█ North America
█ Rest Of World

59.3%
40.6%
0.1%

Source: Stepstone.
Country data is lagged by two quarters

Portfolio summary

Market value (GBP millions)	1 Year MWR*	Since Inception MWR*	Inflows latest quarter	Outflows latest quarter	Net cash flow latest quarter	Value added latest quarter	TVPI	Contribution to return: 1 year	Contribution to return: since inception
55.5	2.5%	5.4%	991,001	873,183	117,818	91,985	1.14	0.0%	0.0%

*Money weighted return. Net of all fees. Private Markets interim period performance is calculated using NAVs provided on business day 8. Later revisions to these NAVs are not captured in the calculations so please use caution when using this data.

Commitment to Investment

£65.00m

Amount Called

£55.56m

% called to date

85.48

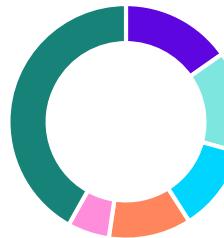
Number of underlying funds

1

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP55.53m

Sector



Fibre	15.2%
Energy Efficiency	13.9%
Mass Transit	11.8%
Heating & Cooling	11.3%
Towers	5.8%
Other	42.0%

Source: Stepstone.
Sector data is lagged by two quarters

Performance commentary

The first quarter of 2025 was one of deep uncertainty. The US Administration's dislike for renewable energy was quickly made clear during the initial flurry of executive orders. Then followed the threat of the introduction of tariffs on all trading partners creating uncertainty over supply chains. It is too early to comment on longer term impacts of tariffs. We may not see the same volatility in valuations as during Covid with rate cuts expected in the major economies. But risks remain on whether tariff induced inflation will slow or stop rate cuts.

The widely attended Berlin Infrastructure conference took place in March. Some of the key takeaways were: (i) Digital infrastructure- the evolution of infrastructure beyond traditional physical assets; (ii) Inflation protection-infrastructure investments possess this attribute, predictable long-term revenues, and strong asset backing; (iii) Energy demand- which presents significant investment opportunities.

The Cycle 2 General portfolio is fully committed to six primary funds and seven tactical investments in total. At the end of Q1 2025, the portfolio was ~85% invested and ~93% committed. On the whole, early performance indicates good resilience to market turbulence. We are pleased with how the portfolio has developed and continues to do so. The portfolio is diversified across geographies, sectors, managers and vintages, and invested in opportunities that we believe will provide strong performance, both in terms of returns and societal and environmental sustainability.

Pipeline

The Cycle 2 General portfolio is now fully committed, so no new investments are required.

Classification: Public

Infrastructure (Renewables) Cycle 2

Investment objective

Global portfolio of renewable energy and associated infrastructure assets

Benchmark

CPI

Outperformance target

+4%

Launch date

1 May 2020

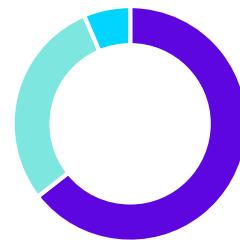
Commitment to portfolio

£65.00m

The fund is denominated in GBP

Country

Commitment in underlying investments



█ Europe (incl. UK)
█ North America
█ Rest Of World

64.3%
 29.3%
 6.4%

Source: Stepstone
Country data is lagged by two quarters

Portfolio summary

Market value (GBP millions)	1 Year MWR*	Since Inception MWR*	Inflows latest quarter	Outflows latest quarter	Net cash flow latest quarter	Value added latest quarter	TVPI	Contribution to return: 1 year	Contribution to return: since inception
50.4	1.8%	5.2%	3,409,409	343,194	3,066,215	-9,299	1.12	0.0%	0.0%

*Money weighted return. Net of all fees. Private Markets interim period performance is calculated using NAVs provided on business day 8. Later revisions to these NAVs are not captured in the calculations so please use caution when using this data.

Commitment to Investment

£65.00m

Amount Called

£49.13m

% called to date

75.58

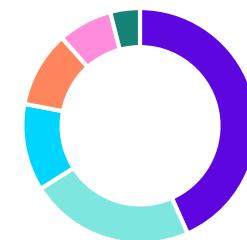
Number of underlying funds

1

Gloucestershire's Holding:

GBP50.37m

Sector



Solar	43.4%
Wind	22.7%
Diversified Renewables	12.0%
Energy Efficiency	10.4%
Energy Storage	7.5%
Other	4.0%

Source: Stepstone.
Sector data is lagged by two quarters

Performance commentary

The first quarter of 2025 was one of deep uncertainty. The US Administration's dislike for renewable energy was quickly made clear during the initial flurry of executive orders. Then followed the threat of the introduction of tariffs on all trading partners causing renewed uncertainty over supply chains and project viability. It is too early to comment on longer term impacts of tariffs or if we will see some rollback. We may not see the same volatility in valuations as during Covid, as rate cuts are still expected in the major economies, and this was a key driver in lower valuations as rates rose. Risks remain on whether tariff induced inflation will slow, stop or reverse rate cutting.

The widely attended Berlin Infrastructure conference took place in March 2025. Some of the key takeaways were: (i) Digital infrastructure, the summit emphasized the evolution of infrastructure beyond traditional physical assets to include digital; (ii) Inflation protection, infrastructure investments were noted for their ability to provide inflation protection, predictable long-term revenues, and strong asset backing; (iii) Energy demand, rising energy demand presents significant investment opportunities.

During the quarter, ICG Infra Fund I (a primary fund investment in the Cycle 2 G portfolio) reached an agreement to sell its investment in Akuo, the Paris-based integrated IPP, to Ardian Infrastructure. Akuo is a tactical co-invest in the Cycle 2-Renewables portfolio. ICG will fully derisk its investment whilst enhancing its returns through a structured exit combining a significant upfront payment, a secured deferred payment and access to further upside through warrants. In total, the sale will result in a gross MOIC of 1.7x, and a gross IRR in excess of 14%. This is an excellent outcome

Classification: Public

Infrastructure (Renewables) Cycle 2

for an investment which was mainly composed of a highly protected preferred equity instrument with a contractual interest rate. ICG initially invested in Akuo in February 2022 and is a quintessential ICG deal, supporting founders in a growth phase through an off-market structured deal with a minimum target money multiple. The transaction is expected to close before the summer and remains subject to the consultation process of the relevant employee representative bodies and to the authorization of the relevant regulatory authorities.

At the end of Q1 2025, the Cycle 2 Renewables portfolio is ~94% committed and ~75% invested across seven primary funds and twelve tactical investments.

Pipeline

The final primary investment closed in Q3 so Cycle 2 Renewables is now fully committed, and therefore no new investments will be required.

Infrastructure Cycle 3

Investment objective

Global portfolio of infrastructure assets, mainly focussed on climate solutions, energy transition and efficiency

Benchmark

n/a - absolute return target

Outperformance target

net 8% IRR

Launch date

1 April 2022

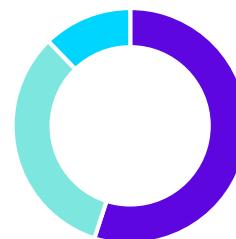
Commitment to portfolio

£20.00m

The fund is denominated in GBP

Country

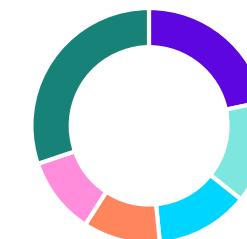
Commitment in underlying investments



Europe (incl. UK)
North America
Rest Of World

54.9%
32.9%
12.2%

Sector



Diversified Renewables	21.7%
Fibre	14.1%
Timber	12.8%
Utilities	10.6%
Agriculture	10.6%
Other	30.2%

Source: Stepstone.
Sector data is lagged by two quarters

Source: Stepstone
Country data is lagged by two quarters

Portfolio summary

Market value (GBP millions)	1 Year MWR*	Since Inception MWR*	Inflows latest quarter	Outflows latest quarter	Net cash flow latest quarter	Value added latest quarter	TVPI	Contribution to return: 1 year	Contribution to return: since inception
9.1	5.8%	2.2%	2,034,489	199,235	1,835,254	50,884	1.03	0.0%	0.0%

*Money weighted return. Net of all fees. Private Markets interim period performance is calculated using NAVs provided on business day 8. Later revisions to these NAVs are not captured in the calculations so please use caution when using this data.

Classification: Public

UK Property

Investment strategy & key drivers

Portfolio of active UK property funds seeking capital & income returns

Liquidity

Illiquid

Benchmark

MSCI/AREF UK

Outperformance target

+0.5%

Commitment to portfolio

£225.0m

Amount Called

£236.9m

Number of portfolios

20



Performance commentary

Real estate markets were beginning their cyclical upswing but, as of early Q2, are now facing potential challenges due to the impact of tariffs. The market remains close to the bottom of the capital market cycle, with occupier markets having demonstrated remarkable resilience in recent years. The UK appears relatively well-positioned, given its diversified economy and lower tariffs than other markets - thus far.

It is too early to determine precisely how various sectors will respond to tariffs. However, residential, alternatives, and core offices are likely to be the most resilient parts of the market. Conversely, retail and logistics may face headwinds. Logistics, in particular, is expected to experience pockets of

increased demand from supply chain reconfiguration and fiscal stimulus. However, a weaker macroeconomic backdrop could weigh on overall demand.

UK real estate values have grown steadily over the past year or so, with all sectors experiencing increases in investment volumes with a 28% rise compared to the previous year. This positive momentum, driven by improving pricing and the prospect of further interest rates falls, suggests that 2025 investment volumes may continue to grow (year-on-year).

Following the wave of redemptions in the Federated Hermes Property Unit Trust in 2024, unitholders voted in favour of granting the manager time to explore a potential fund

merger with the L&G Managed Property Fund. The vote is not binding.

The Threadneedle Property Unit (TPUT) completed the acquisition of the Nuveen UK Property Fund (UKPF). The 16 assets in UKPF are a complementary fit for TPUT, with most of the assets being in the industrial and retail sectors. The average asset size is consistent across both portfolios, averaging circa £8m.

Pipeline

There is no fund pipeline, with the portfolio fully committed to model funds.

Property holdings summary

Holding	Cost (GBP millions)	Market value (GBP millions)	Perf. 1 year	Perf. 3 year	Perf. 5 year	Perf. SII*	TVPI	Inception Date
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Brunel UK Property

236.9

219.3

5.2%

-3.8%

1.8%

1.8%

1.39

Apr 2020

*Since initial investment

International Property

Investment strategy & key drivers

Portfolio of active International property funds seeking capital & income returns

Liquidity

Illiquid

Benchmark

GREFI

Outperformance target

+0.5%

Commitment to portfolio

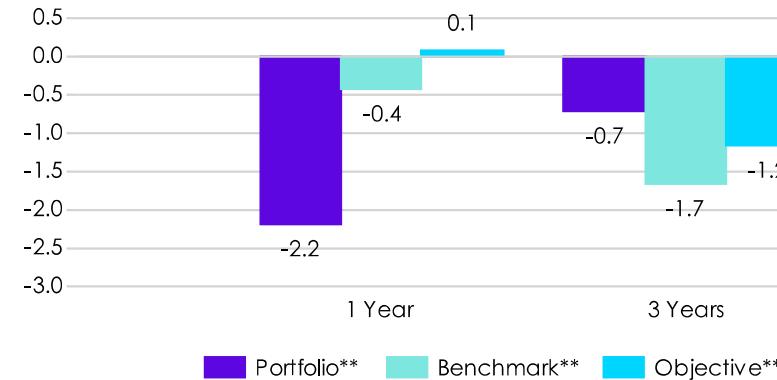
£75.0m

Amount Called

£68.9m

Number of portfolios

12



Performance commentary

Q4 2024, the latest benchmark data available, continued to see markets recover, as the index had its strongest quarter since Q2 2022, led by Europe. Other than Asia Pacific, all regions recorded positive performance, while Asia slid back into negative territory. Over the 12 months to end-Q4, Europe delivered a positive 2.7%, while both US and APAC remained negative at -1.6% and -5.0% respectively.

On an investment currency basis, most funds held delivered low-single-digit positive returns in Q4. Industrial funds were the best performers of the portfolio, regardless of geography. The pan-Asia funds delivered the worst returns vs other geographies over the quarter on a local currency basis,

almost entirely driven by FX and the USD appreciation over the last 3 months of the year.

Open-ended funds continued to pay down redemption queues, while balancing the desire to pay down debt in a higher cost environment. Some of the larger US funds are seeing more meaningful redemption cancellations, helping reduce queues. Funds are reporting that lenders are returning to the market, and particularly logistics and residential assets are finding demand for financing.

Managers are watching the situation with US tariffs closely. Their main concerns are that tariffs may slow growth, boost inflation, and increase construction costs.

Pipeline

There is no fund pipeline at present. The model for the International Property portfolio was updated to introduce a US Alternatives Fund.

Property holdings summary

Holding	Cost (GBP millions)	Market value (GBP millions)	Perf. 1 year**	Perf. 3 year**	Perf. 5 year**	Perf. SII***	TVPI	Inception Date
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Brunel International Property

68.9 59.0 -2.2% -0.7% - -1.6% 0.95 Apr 2020

*Since initial investment

**Performance data shown up to 31 December 2024

Brunel Pension Partnership

Forging better futures

Classification: Public

Glossary

Term	Comment
absolute risk	Overall assessment of the volatility that an investment will have
ACS	Authorised Contractual Scheme - a collective investment arrangement that holds and manages assets on behalf of a number of investors
active risk/weight	A measure of the percentage of a holding that differs from the benchmark index; can relate to an equity, a sector or a country/region
amount called	In private investments, this reflects the actual investment amount that has been drawn down
amount committed	In private investments, this is the amount that a client has committed to an investment - it will be drawn down (called) during the investment period
annualised return	Returns are quoted on an annualised basis, net of fees
asset allocation	Performance driven by selecting specific country, sector positions or asset classes as applicable
basis points (BP)	A basis point is 0.01% - so 100bps is 1.0%. Often used for fund performance and management fees
CTB	Climate Transition Benchmark - targets 30% lower carbon exposure from 2020 and then a 7% annual reduction
DLUHC	Department for Levelling Up, Housing & Communities; the government body with oversight of pooling
DPI	Distributed to Paid In; ratio of money distributed to Limited Partners by the Fund, relative to contributions. Used for private markets investments
duration	A measure of bond price sensitivity to changes in interest rates. A high duration suggests a bond's price will fall by relatively more if interest rates increase than a bond with a low duration

Term	Comment
EBITDA margin	An EBITDA margin is a profitability ratio that measures how much in Earnings a company is generating Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization, as a percentage of revenue.
ESG	ESG is an umbrella term to capture the various environmental, social and governance risks investors factor into their assessment of a company's sustainability profile. Brunel views assessing ESG factors as a central part of our fiduciary duty
ESG Score	The Morningstar Sustainalytics ESG Risk Ratings are based on an assessment of a company's exposure to risk and how well it manages those risks, resulting in a single score that indicates the company's overall ESG risk level. The rating is comprised of three central building blocks: corporate governance, Material ESG Issues (MEIs), and idiosyncratic issues. The scores are categorized across five risk levels: negligible, low, medium, high, and severe.
extractive exposures VOH	Value of Holdings of invested companies which derive revenues from extractive industries
GP or general partner	In Private Equity, the GP is usually the firm that manages the fund
gross performance	Performance before deduction of fees
Growth	Growth stocks typically exhibit faster long term growth prospects and are often valued at higher price multiples
IRR	Internal Rate of Return - a return that takes account of actual money invested
legacy assets	Client assets not managed via the Brunel Pension Partnership
Low Volatility	Low Volatility is a strategy that attempts to minimise the return volatility.
LP or limited partner	In private equity, an LP is usually a third party investor in the fund

Glossary

Term	Comment
LP or limited partner	In private equity, an LP is usually a third party investor in the fund
M&A	Mergers and acquisitions
Momentum	An investment strategy that aims to capitalize on the continuance of existing trends in the market
Money-weighted return	A performance measure that takes into account the timing and size of cash flows, including contributions and withdrawals.
MWR	Money weighted return - similar to an IRR - it reflects the actual investment return taking into account cashflows
NAV	Net asset value
net performance	Performance after deduction of all fees
PAB	Paris-Aligned Benchmark - targets a 50% lower carbon exposure from 2020 and then a 7% annual reduction
Quality	Quality stocks typically have a high Return on Equity, a very consistent profit outcome and exhibit higher and stable margins
relative risk	Relative volatility when compared with a benchmark
sector/stock selection	Performance driven by the selection of individual investments within a country or sector
since inception	Period since the portfolio was formed
since initial investment	Period since the client made its first investment in the fund
SONIA	Sterling Overnight Index Average - Overnight interbank interest rate - replacement for LIBOR
source of performance data	Source of performance data is provided net of fees by State Street Global Services unless otherwise indicated

Term	Comment
standard deviation	Standard deviation is a measure of volatility for an investment using historical data. Volatility is used as a measure of investment risk. A higher number may indicate a more volatile (or riskier) investment but should be taken in context with other measures of risk
time-weighted return	A performance measure that eliminates the impact of cash flows, focussing solely on the investment's rate of return over a specific time period. It does not account for the timing and size of contributions and withdrawals.
total extractive exposure	Revenue derived from extractive operations as a % of total corporate revenue
total return (TR)	Total Return - including price change and accumulated dividends
tracking error	A measure of relative volatility around a benchmark. A fund which differs greatly from the benchmark is likely to have a high tracking error
transitioned assets	Client assets that have been transferred to the Brunel Pension Partnership
TVPI	Total Value to Paid In; ratio of the current value of remaining investments within a fund, plus the total value of all distributions to date, relative to the total amount of capital paid in
Value	Value stocks typically have a low valuation when measured on a Price to Book or Price to earnings ratio
WACI	WACI should read Weighted Average Carbon Intensity = Weight of Portfolio * (Carbon Emissions / Revenue)
yield to worst	Lowest possible yield on a bond portfolio assuming no defaults

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